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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXXIII NO. 52 BOMBAY: FRIDAY, MARCH 2, 1945 Price 2 Annas

Taj
TONIGHT and TOMORROW
DINNER DANCE
Sonny Lobo & His Nite Club Boys
Reservations of Tables for Dinner not taken up by 9 p.m. will be cancelled.
Sun. 4th
COCKTAIL DANCE.

ROYAL LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

Jai Prakash Narain To Sue Govt.

DETAINED WORKING COMMITTEE MEMBERS TO BE TRANSFERRED TO THEIR RESPECTIVE PROVINCES

NEW DELHI, March 1.

Replying to a supplementary question in the Central Assembly to-day relating to the members of the Congress Working Committee, the Home Member, Sir Francis Mudie, stated that the members of the Working Committee were being sent to their respective Provinces.

In a written answer to Mr. Sri Prakash's question in the Central Assembly to-day the Home Member replied in the affirmative to a question whether Mr. Jai Prakash Narain expressed his desire to sue Government for his mal-treatment by the police and appealed for an interview with his lawyer. But as he appealed on the day he was due to be transferred, he was advised to apply through the authorities of the jail to which he was being transferred. He had now sent a similar application for the interview with the lawyer, and it had been granted.

Another reply elicited information that Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose and Lala Shankarlal were detained under Ordinance III of 1944 at Coonoor. An allowance of Rs. 1,000 per month was given to the family of Mr. Bose. In August last, Mr. Bose refused an interview with his relations, but the Home Member had no information of any such refusal by Lala Shankarlal.

WAR PRISONERS

Mr. C. M. Trivedi, War Secretary, informed the House that 29,499 enemy prisoners were held in India of whom only six were Germans. In the interest of security, he was unable to give separate figures in respect of the Japanese. The total number of Indian prisoners of war held in Germany was 9,944, confirmed prisoners of war in the hands of the Japanese 42,374 and believed prisoners of war 22,036.

The War Secretary also informed the House that an annual expenditure incurred by the Directorate of Public Relations was Rs. 52.4 lakhs.

ELAS.' Ill-treatment Of Indian Prisoners

Mr. Trivedi, further informed the Assembly that he was in a position to give Indian casualties in their fight in Greece against the ELAS and they were, killed two officers, one Viceroy's Commissioned Officer, and 25 Indian other ranks. Wounded three officers, one Viceroy's Commissioned Officer, and 190 Indian other ranks.

Mr. Trivedi further said that it was understood that maltreatment of Indian prisoners in Greece was for most pos. confined to about 100 personnel of field bakery which were captured almost complete. Indians striped of their clothings, personal effects and boots were forced and ordered barefooted in their underclothing and that medical attention was refused to sick and wounded.

Replying to supplementaries as to what action the Government had taken Mr. Trivedi said that the Government asked the Secretary of State to remonstrate most strongly.

Replying to another supplementary as to whether the Government raised the desirability of not using Indian troops in civil wars of their countries, Mr. Trivedi said that the troops had no option in Greece as they were involved while following up the retreating Germans.

ASSAULTS ON WOMEN

Mr. Trivedi further said that there appeared to have been 71 cases of assaults on women by military personnel in Bengal and Assam, but preparation of a full statement would involve an amount of time and labour which would be disproportionate with the value of the result. —United Press.

SACHAR DEFIES BAN AGAIN

Arrested And Released On Bail Of Rs. 1000

LAHORE, March 1.

Lala Bhim Sen Sachar, leader of the Opposition in the Punjab Assembly, was arrested this evening for defying the ban on his attendance in the House which he again attended to-day for the second time this session.

Mr. Sachar was later produced before a Magistrate who released him on bail of Rs. 1,000.

Lala Bhim Sen Sachar, heard from his seat the Finance Minister's Budget speech to-day.—A. P.

CRIPPS BACK IN LABOUR PARTY

Pritt Turned Down Due To Close Association With Communists

LONDON, March 1. Sir Stafford Cripps, minister of Air Craft Production, has joined the Labour Party. Yesterday the National Executive approved his application.

The Labour Executive also approved the application of membership by Mr. Donald William Gordon Mackay, who until a month ago was Chairman and organiser of the Common Wealth Party. The Executive, however, rejected the applications of Mr. D. N. Pritt on the grounds of his close association with Communists.

At the same time the labour executive approved the application of membership by Mr. Ronald William Gordon-Mackay, who until a month ago was chairman and organiser of Sir Richard Acland's Common Wealth Party.

Also rejected was the application of Mr. Alan Good, an industrialist and Director of twenty-five companies who has been one leading financial backer of the Common Wealth Party.

The healing of the breach between Sir Stafford Cripps and the Labour Party marks an important step in the Labour's preparation for election which is expected this summer.

SAUDI ARABIA DECLARES WAR ON AXIS

LONDON, March 1. The Saudi Arabian Legation in London has been informed from Jeddan that Saudi Arabia has declared war on Germany and Japan. The declaration, however, specifies that the holy places of Mecca and Medina shall remain Neutral and be considered as open cities.

It is understood that Saudi Arabia will now be eligible for invitation to the San Francisco Conference.—Reuter.

Iran Declares War On Japan

TEHERAN, March 1. Iran has declared war on Japan. This is to be effective from February 28

Iran declared war on Germany on September 9, 1943.

The Iran Prime Minister then states that Germany had been trying to create disturbances in the country by dropping parachutists and inciting tribes to rebellion.

Deshmukh's Bill Goes To Select Committee

The Central Assembly this afternoon accepted Mr. G. V. Deshmukh's Bill to be referred to the Select Committee to remove certain disabilities re-Hindu marriage. The Bill seeks to validate marriages between the same Gotra and Pravara and among different subcastes within the same caste.

Keen interest was evinced when the motion was put to vote and division challenged. The Government and the Muslim League Party having remained neutral, the Opposition got support among others of Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, Captain Dalapat Singh and Samsululma Kamaluddin Ahmed, whereas supporters were assisted by Mr. Ghiasuddin, Rev. Chatterjee, Mr. Pyarelal Kuril, Scheduled Caste and Mr. Bhulabhai Desai. Dr. P. N. Banerjee remained neutral.—United Press.

Kazmi's Adjournment Motion Disallowed

The President disallowed today Mr. Kazmi's adjournment motion in the Central Assembly to discuss the failure of the Government of India to make adequate attempts to counteract filthy and dastardly propaganda carried against Indians in the United Kingdom and U. S. A. as disclosed by Sir Shanti Swarup Bhatnagar, Director, Scientific and Industrial Research, Government of India, in his address to the All-India Manufacturers' Organisation on the ground that the subject was discussed many times in the House.—United Press.

STOP PRESS

TRIER OUTSKIRTS REACHED

LONDON, March 1: Reuter's special correspondent with the U. S. Third Army cables that forward elements of the Tenth Armoured Division report that they have entered the outskirts of Trier.—Reuter.

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Unanimous Vote Of Confidence In Churchill's Government

Commons Endorse Yalta Decisions

Brig. Gen. Spears Pleads For Cabinet Minister For Middle East Affairs

LONDON, March 1: The House of Commons today gave Government a unanimous vote of confidence by 413 votes to none. The vote was taken on the Government motion asking for approval of the work of the Crimea Conference.

The Government's vote of confidence was unanimous, the only persons not recording in favour being two tellers for those voting for the Government and two tellers against. Mr. McGovern and Mr. Campbell Stephen of the Independent Labour Party could not vote against the Government as they were tellers.—

When the three-day debate on the Crimea Conference was resumed in the House of Commons to-day, Sir Arthur Salter, Independent Member of Parliament for Oxford University and General Secretary of the Reparations Commission in Germany in 1920 declared: "I don't accept the idea that a just peace is one which treats the country which started the world war exactly as if she had not done so and encourages a would-be aggressor to gamble on the hypothesis that "heads I win and tails I do not lose". (Cheers).

He was against splitting up Germany which would be more difficult even than perpetual garrisoning of Germany with a view to the enforcement of disarmament.

He was glad that it was proposed to take reparations in kind and not in cash. It would have been immensely better after the last war if most of the reparations had been taken in the physical form of rebuilding of devastated regions of France and Belgium by German labour and materials.

"We made a mistake then not of taking too much from Germany but of taking it in the wrong form."

Both the settlement of Germany and adjustment of new frontiers that might be required as a result of what had happened in the past five years was quite clearly the victors' responsibility and could not be transferred to the responsibility of the proposed new world organisation.

TIMID PEOPLE OF DUMBARTON OAKS

Sir Arthur Salter thought, the framers of the Dumbarton Oaks proposals had been much too timid in approaching the question of national sovereignty. He did not like the phrase in the first principle of "sovereign equality" of all peaceloving states. He hoped that the regional mutual aid asociations which were contemplated in the Dumbarton Oaks scheme would develop in the federal direction.

Sir Arthur said that many were anxious whether Britain would be an equal partner with the United States and Russia. If Britain alone was meant, the answer was no but if the British Commonwealth of Nations was meant, the answer was perhaps, but it would depend a good deal on the development of relations within the British Commonwealth.

Great Britain had been left since the Statute of Westminster (which legalised the Independence of the Dominions) in peace time with a disproportionate responsibility and the burden in regard to the defence of the Empire.

CAUSES OF WAR LIE DEEPER

Mr. Samuel Silverman (Labour) doubted very much whether the treatment of Germany after the war would have very much to do with the organisation of peace. The causes of war lay deeper than the merits or demerits of a particular race.

He thought that it was nonsense to say that no nation was to be invited to the San Francisco Conference until it first declared war on Germany. To have the spirit of political co-operation and at the same time to have nations who remained economically isolationist, would result in a break-down of the whole world organisation.

TRIBUTE TO RUSSIANS

Mr. P. W. Jewson (National Liberal) said that he had enjoyed the hospitality of the Russians and as a result of his contacts, formed the conclusion that whoever was handling British Foreign Affairs was doing a good job of work.

"I am afraid that not only are the Russians extremely friendly towards us but that when they have come to a decision they will stand by it through thick and thin". Mr. Jewson declared.

Mr. McGovern (Independent Labour Party) said that he had heard from most unexpected sources human sympathy expressed for the German people suffering under the terrible air bombardment. If they were to pay for the support of Hitler he could only say they were paying a very heavy price indeed. He refused to accept the theory that the German people should pay. "I am not going to vote for any plan that is going to put fresh burdens on the common people", Mr. McGovern declared.

"ARABS IN EAST HAVE COME OF AGE"

Brigadier General Spears (Conservative), until recently the British Minister to Syria and Lebanon, brought up the subject of the Middle East. He said that the situation had changed entirely there since the last war. The Arabs had come of age and Western powers could no longer tell them what was good for them.

welcoming the visit of Mr. Churchill and Mr. Eden to Cairo, Brig. General Spears said that he felt certain that the Prime Minister after his talks with the Arab leaders had become aware of this new spirit and the great friendship of the Arab people for this country.

"He welcomed Mr. Churchill's support for Syria and Lebanon but to proclaim as the Prime Minister had done that force should not be used to safeguard the independence of the Levant States was surely dangerous. When the British people had given a promise surely there was no alternative but to fulfil that promise by whatever means necessary, even if force was necessary.

When a member interrupted to ask against whom force should be used, Brig. Gen. Spears said "against anybody or anyone who jeopardises the undertaking we have given in that part of the world".

COMPLAINT AGAINST FRENCH

Brig. Gen. Spears said that the Prime Minister had told them that the French had a privileged position there but he did not give the views of Lebanon and Syria. That was a surprising omission from a signatory of the Atlantic Charter. Mr. Churchill and Mr. Eden were no doubt aware that while the President of the Syrian Republic was seeing the British Ministers in Cairo, the French Authority was sending local troops—Troupes Speciales—to prevent Syrian Gendarmerie from restoring order.

When the armed followers of a noted bandit surrounded a gendarmerie post the Syrians sent reinforcements and had the situation in hand when troops under French Command arrived and drove the gendarmerie away.

He asked the Governeent to answer this question: "As these troupes speciales are under British Operational command how is it possible that the French can employ them against the forces of law and order in Syria?"

SOLUTION OF MIDDLE EAST PROBLEM

Brig. Gen. Spears continued, "I would like to say something about what I believe to be a possible solution of the situation in the Middle East. I suggest that in the first place we should support the complete independence of the Arab States and a new Arab League (hear, hear). We should create a Middle East Council on which Russia, the United States, France and ourselves should be represented and I think the Headquarters of this Council might well be at Jerusalem as that city is likely to have an international status for a long time.

It should provide such advice and help as the Middle East States may ask for. It should take over the remaining activities of the Middle East supply centre. It should be responsible for the security of whole area against any outside attack. In view of the dominating interest of this country I think the Chairman should be British.

CABINET MINISTER FOR MIDDLE EAST

I have long been convinced that our own relations with the Middle

(Continued on page 5)

GOVERNMENT INTERVENES

Dhobitalao Reading Room Saved

The Government of Bombay has instructed the Collector of Bombay to withdraw the notice of the proposed requisitioning of the premises of the Peoples Free Reading Room and Library, Dhobitalao, Bombay.

INDIA INVITED

Empire Discussions Before San Francisco Conference

LONDON, March 1.

India has been invited to take part in empire discussions preliminary to the San Francisco Conference. This was announced by Viscount Cranborne, Dominion Secretary and Leader of the House of Lords when replying to the debate in the House of Lords on the Crimea Conference.

Viscount Cranborne said: "We have invited the Government of Canada, Australia, New Zealand and South Africa to take part with us in a preliminary meeting in the near future. It is felt that there would be value in further talks in advance of the San Francisco Conference in order that we may examine together the [illegible] involved.—Reuter.

"WORLD PEACE CAN BE ASSURED"

Roosevelt On "Fruitful Journey To Yalta"

WASHINGTON, March 1: President Roosevelt in his report on the Yalta Conference delivered to a joint session of Congress to-day said: "It is good to be home again. It has been a long journey but I hope you will agree it was a fruitful one.

I come from the Crimean Conference with the firm belief that we have made a good start on the road to a world of peace. There were two main purposes at the Conference. The first was to bring defeat to Germany with the greatest possible speed and the smallest loss of Allied men. The purpose is now being carried out in great force.

"The second purpose was to continue to build the foundation for international accord which would bring order and security after the chaos of war and which would give some assurance of lasting peace among the nations of the world.

"At the Crimean Conference, however, the time had come for getting down to specific cases in the political field and there was enthusiastic effort to reach an agreement. Since the Teheran Conference, there had developed among all of us greater facility in negotiating with each other which augurs well for the future of the peace of the world.

"I have never for an instant wavered in the belief that an agreement to insure world peace and security can be reached".

Mr. Winston Churchill with King Faruk of Egypt (left), with whom he had conversation during his recent visit to Cairo.

Breeze Between Hailey And Maharaj Singh

SUPPORT TO INDIA FROM AUSTRALIA AND CANADA IN COMMONWEALTH CONFERENCE

(From Our Correspondent).

LONDON, March 1.

The Commonwealth Relations Conference is on the eve of concluding its closed-door deliberations. Delegates attending it have their lips sealed. Official handouts fail to enlighten outsiders as to what is going on inside the Chatham House. Still one can pick up some threads of conversations.

There seems no doubt about the South African delegation having been stubborn upholding South Africa's right to discriminate against Indians. At the same time, Indians have been telling the South African delegation to tell their Government to take a special note of the Hon. Dr. Khare's statement that he would have liked to declare war against South Africa.

Sir Maharaj Singh has been pointing out in private conversations that all sections of Indian opinion have warmly welcomed Dr. Khare's declaration and if South Africa does not realise that Indians mean business, she would be making a grave error of judgment.

The Indian delegation has been agreeably surprised to find representatives from Canada and Australia supporting their plea for the quota system. Canadians are going to the extent of asserting that was not enough. They say Indians must have equal status and rights.

SUPPORT FROM CANADA AND AUSTRALIA

Australians hope their Government to take measures to offer a better quota for Indians. The Indian Delegation is not surprised at the attitude of Lord Hailey. He is still fondly trying to play the role of Indians' 'Mabap.' Gossip has it that on one occasion when the Pegging Act was under discussion there was almost a scene between Lord Hailey and Sir Maharaj Singh. Lord Hailey attempted to advise Indians not to despair and not to take extreme measures, and not to think ill of South Africa. He has been attempting to convince Indians that there is a liberal awakening in South Africa and in due course it will reflect itself which will result in establishing harmonious relations between South Africa and India. But Sir Maharaj Singh, who feels so strongly on this question could not walk into Lord Hailey's parlour.

The following reply is attributed to him for which confirmation is forthcoming. He is reported to have said: "I have heard of this kind of talk before. I have been also told when Labour comes into power at Westminster India will be free. But this silly argument does not convince me nor does it convince any of my compatriots."

REDS BREAK INTO DANZIG

LONDON, March 1: Berlin last night reported that Marshal Rokossovsky's forces have broken into the city of Danzig after a 35-mile thrust down the Vistula. Moscow, however, has not yet confirmed this.—Reuter.

YALTA DEAL FOR RHINELAND

LONDON, Feb. 28

The "Big Three" have agreed on the future of Rhineland, it is reported in political circles here.

The proposals, it is believed, have been considered for some time by the European Commission, but they had not been mentioned so far, because it was felt by President Roosevelt and Mr. Churchill that the French Government must be consulted first and its views incorporated in the agreement, writes "Reuter's" military commentator.

POLES PROMISED BRITISH CITIZENSHIP?

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, March 1.

There was a roar of laughter in Commons lobbies yesterday. Rebels were moving portentously along the corridors. "What are they doing?" asked a colleague. "Ah", broke in another colleague, "Don't you know Winston has promised Poles British citizenship" all they are doing is to make certain of Polish votes in next General Elections".

The latest rumour floating in London is that a majority of "emigre" Poles have been searching house and property in Britain. Many of them are buying what is called going businesses, which is taken as a clear indication that they have no intention of returning to Poland.

WILL STRAUSS CARRY ON?

Abstained From Voting On Polish Motion

LONDON, March 1

It was believed in political circles here today that Mr. Churchill would not necessarily accept the resignation of the Labour Member, Mr. H. G. Strauss, Parliamentary Secretary to the Ministry of Town and Country Planning, who after abstention from voting on the Polish motion yesterday felt it his duty to place his office at the disposal of the Prime Minister. A likelihood is that Mr. Churchill will see Mr Strauss and indicate his appreciation of the special circumstances and also of the excellent service that Mr. Strauss is considered to have given in his ministerial capacity.

It will be a surprise if in the circumstances Mr. Churchill does not ask Mr. Strauss to carry on.—Reuter.

ALLIES FIVE MILES FROM COLOGNE

Patton's Men Nearing Trier, Germany's Oldest City

FIRST ARMY FRONT, March 1.—Leading elements of the United States First Army have pushed on beyond Modrath to a point five miles west of Cologne on the main Dueren-Cologne highway.

The German home radio today reported: "Allied tank thrusts aiming at Cologne have reached the approaches to the city on a four-mile front between Bertheim and Kerpen. They have here been checked and the German defence line is unbroken."

Blackout still covers Ninth Army operations. Boats and barges are being assembled on the Rhine as Allied infantry and armour fold up the last German defences west of the river.

General Patton's troops have pushed to within two and a half miles south-east of Trier, Germany's oldest city.

The news of a setback came from Reuter's special correspondent with the Canadian First Army, who said: "German troops are fighting on all the main approaches to the Rhine crossings north of the Ruhr.

Petain's Property Confiscated

PARIS, March 1. All property of Marshal Petain and of former Vichy ministers have been placed under sequestration.

FRANCE TO HAVE DIRECT RELATIONS WITH ITALY

PARIS, March 1. A "communique" today announced that French Government had decided to re-establish direct relations with the Italian Government. —Reuter.

LATEST COMMERCIAL

COTTON (JULY)

NEW YORK, March 1.

Previous Closing	21.78
Today's Opening	21.80
Difference	+02
Today's Closing	21.84
Difference	+06

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

NEW YORK, March 1.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:—

General Motors dol. 68.1/8
Anaconda Copper Mining dol. 34
U. S. Steel Corpn dol. 64-1/4
U. S. Steel pref dol. 141-5/8.—Reuter.

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Development Of Mining Of Non-Ferrous Metals In India

Jaipur Metal Industries Chairman's Plea

Speech of Raj Ratna Ramji Hansraj Kamani, Chairman of the JAIPUR METAL INDUSTRIES Ltd., at the First Ordinary Meeting of the Shareholders of the Company on 28th February, 1945.

Gentlemen,

The report of the Directors and the statement of accounts for the period ending December 1944, have been already in your hands. I believe you will all agree with me when I state that the working of the Company during the period has been satisfactory. Coming first to the financial aspect of the working of the Company, you will notice that the total sales of the Company amount to Rs. 46,27,813, resulting in total gross working profit of Rs. 3,75,734, which leaves the net disposable profit of Rs. 2,67,916 after providing Rs. 56,297 for depreciation and deducting Rs. 51,516 as Managing Agents' remuneration and commission. Your Directors have decided to take to the General Reserve a sum of Rs. 25,000 out of this amount and to write off half the preliminary expenses and the entire amount paid as brokerage and 12 1/2 p.c. of the amount paid by the Company as the Goodwill. The Directors have recommended that dividends may be paid to shareholders at the rate of 6 p.c. per annum on the Preference Shares, 8 p.c. per annum on the Ordinary Shares and 15 p.c. per annum on the Deferred Shares, for the period covered by the Report. This leaves the balance of Rs. 25,146-11-6, which will be carried forward to the next year.

I am glad to inform you that our factory has been the first in India to be successful in manufacturing Arsenical Copper Rods which are required by the Railways for the locomotive boilers. Recently the Rationalisation Committee of Western Area Meter-Gauge Railways visited our works to see the manufacture of Arsenical Copper, and I am glad to say they have carried away with them a very good impression about the progress which we have made. We had also other distinguished visitors including the Master General of Ordnance, Sir William Bird, Sir C. V. Raman and Sir M. Visweswaraya. Considering the fact that our factory has been constructed during the War time with locally available plant and machinery, the progress made by the Company in the refining and manufacture of non-ferrous metals and alloys may be considered as remarkable. At the same time, I may inform you that we are preparing plans for installing up-to-date machinery as soon as circumstances permit and that Mr. R. R. Kamani, a Director of the Managing Agency Company, is on a visit to the United Kingdom and the U.S.A. in connection with the securing of suitable machinery and the necessary technical advice and assistance.

There is one important and vital question regarding Government policy to which I have to draw your attention. Until we develop in this country our minerals resources of non-ferrous metals like copper, zinc, lead, tin, etc., India will have to depend on outside sources for her needs for these metals by importing them either in the form of virgin metals or as scrap metals. It should be one of the primary objects of our national policy to develop the mining of non-ferrous metals in the country itself as far as possible. But this would necessarily take atleast a few years; and it is absolutely necessary in the country's interest that the non-ferrous refining and manufacturing industry should be developed in India to the fullest extent possible based on imported raw materials in the form of virgin metals or scrap and on the scrap available in the country itself. The non-ferrous manufacturing concerns should be given every facility for the import of non-ferrous virgin metals and scrap from abroad and preference should be given to the importation of such raw materials, which can be used by the manufacturing concerns in the country rather than allowing import of finished or semi-finished goods which would compete with these industries. I may refer to the recent Annual Conference of the All-India Manufacturers Association held at Delhi, which has specifically recommended that one of the methods of giving protection and support to Indian Industries should be to provide facilities for importing raw materials required by industries and should allow such imports at concessional tariff rates.

Before the War, India was exporting most of the non-ferrous scrap to Germany and Japan. This policy will have to be changed if India is to develop her own non-ferrous industry and the export of such scrap should be either prohibited or should be restricted by the imposition of a heavy export duty. At the same time I hope the Government will soon see its way either to abolish the import duty altogether or reduce the same considerably on import of non-ferrous scrap into the country, and also levy a much lower import duty on import of virgin metals like copper, zinc, etc., as compared with duties on fabricated goods.

Rajputana is rich in non-ferrous mines and the copper deposits of Jaipur and the zinc deposits of Udaipur state are well-known. We hope the development of these deposits will take place at an early date and I would like to assure you that our Company will make every effort to be closely associated, as far as possible, with the development of non-ferrous mines in Rajputana and particularly in Jaipur State.

More Australian Trade Commissioners In East

SYDNEY, March 1.

It is learned the Federal Government has decided to expand greatly the system of Australian Trade Commissionerships in Eastern countries. It is understood attention will first be concentrated on India and Ceylon and that the Australian Trade Commissioner for India, Mr. H. Roy Golan, becomes Senior Trade Commissioner for the Indian Ocean Zone, and will have under him Resident Trade Commissioners at Calcutta, Bombay and Ceylon. It is likely that trade representation in Malaya and China will similarly be expanded.

The Federal Government has been deeply impressed by possibilities of an early expansion of trade with India.—Reuter.

Sholapur Workers Accept Bonus

BOMBAY, March 1: The Millowners' Association, Bombay, has issued the following reports which appeared in the Press a few days ago about bonus not being accepted by the operatives in certain mills are incorrect. The first instalment of bonus has been accepted by the operatives of all the mills in Sholapur.—A.P.

Kisan Sabha

Protest Against Action Of Sahajanand

CALCUTTA, Feb. 28.

Mr. Bankim Mukherji, M.L.A., General Secretary of the All-India Kisan Sabha, has issued the following: "I was very surprised and pained to read to-day that Swami Sahajanand has ordered unauthorised suspension of Benzal Kisan Sabha, the All-India Office of the Sabha and so on.

"The Kisan Sabha is not a totalitarian organisation led by a director, it is eight lakh strong democratic organisation of the Indian Kisans with units in all provinces. Under the constitution of the All-India Kisan Sabha, he has no authority to take any such action. The truth of the matter is that Swamiji wanted to impose on the Sabha his own choice of office-bearers with himself as its General Secretary. On behalf of the overwhelming majority of the Central Kisan Council, I offered to call its meeting to discuss his proposals but Swamiji refused the offer. Instead of placing his point of view before his organisation Swamiji has chosen a very ill-conceived and disruptive course.

"The next meeting of the Central Kisan Council will discuss his action. In the meanwhile all Provincial Kisan Sabhas should carry on with their programme for the ninth annual session of the All-India Kisan Sabha, i.e., election of President and A.-I. K. C. member. The Central Kisan Council will meet at Metrokona, Mymensingh District, from 2nd to 4th April, the All-India Kisan Committee and delegates from 5th to 7th and the open session on 8th and 9th April. After I hear from Swamiji, I will issue a more detailed statement."—A.P.

Ban On Kisan Meetings

SALEM, March 1: The District Magistrate of Salem, under D.I.R. 56, has prohibited upto March 23 throughout Krishnagiri Taluk in Salem district all Kisan meetings, processions and assemblies, organised by the Krishnagiri branch of the Tamilnad Kisan Sangh or others in furtherance of the Kisan movement in order to "secure public safety and maintain public order."

It will be remembered that the Tamil Nad Kisan Provincial Conference had been fixed to take place at Krishnagiri on March 19.—A.P.

HINDU SABHA AND SAPRU COMMITTEE

Three M. L. A.s' Telegram To Dr. Mookerjee

NEW DELHI, March 1

Three Hindu Members of the Central Assembly, Pandit Nilkanta Das, Mr. A. N. Dam, and Bhai Parmanand, have sent the following telegram to the President of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha, Dr. Shyama Prasad Mookerjee:—

"The Mahasabha's co-operation with the Conciliation Committee is suicidal to the Hindus. One-sided conciliation can only mean an unwarranted concession. A forecast of the Committee's astounding recommendation is one-third Muslims, one-third Caste Hindus, and one-third others, thus permanently dividing and destroying the nation. The Mahasabha should dissociate and stand against this dangerous move."—United Press.

BOMBAY TEACHERS' CONFERENCE TO BE HELD ON APRIL 1

At a general meeting of the Bombay University Teachers' Association, held on February 11 was decided to convene a Conference, under the auspices of the Association, on Sunday April 1, 1945, and Monday, the 2nd April.

(1) Consideration and adoption, with such modifications and amendments as may be suggested at the Conference, of the Draft Constitution.

(2) Consideration of the Charter of the Teachers' Rights and Obligations, prepared and approved by the Council of the Association in 1943-44.

(3) Consideration of a scheme of social security or Insurance for the life and family benefits of individual members of the Association and its acceptance if found suitable.

(4) Such other matters or proposals as may have been considered and placed before the Conference by the Subjects Committee or by individual members desiring to have such matters considered by the Conference.

Under the constitution every one on the electoral roll of the University Teachers as well as demonstrators of three years standing are entitled to be a member of the Association. Those who have not joined so far are requested to join the Association, and attend the Conference in as large a number as possible.

Turf Club Syces Threaten Strike

All the syces of the Bombay Race Course Stables it is reported are preparing to go on strike.

About 1,200 syces submitted their demand to the trainers of the horse-owners. These syces are paid a pittance of Rs. 30 a month without any allowances. The syces are expected to work from 4 a.m. in the morning till 7-30 p.m.

These men submitted their demand for Dearness Allowance at As. 12 a day at which rate the Turf Club has been paying since recently.

The Trainers' Association it is understood refused to grant the demand and the men and their Union declare that they have no other weapon left except a strike. It is expected that the strike will begin in a day or two.

Fined Rs. 50 For Selling Match Box For One Anna

NAGPUR, Feb. 27.

Mr. B. W. Ratnaparkhi, Magistrate, First Class, Nagpur fined Rs. 50 a shopkeeper of Bhiwapur, Umrer Tahsil, for selling a match box for one anna instead for nine pies. A shopkeeper of Panchpaoli was fined Rs. 50 for selling a packet of cards for rupee one instead of annas eight.

A vegetable seller of Sitabaldi, Nagpur, was fined Rs. 30 for selling white pumpkin at a higher price than the one fixed by the District Magistrate, Nagpur.

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SINCE the earliest times one of the most prized qualities of sandal has been its cooling powers. Not only is it used in medicine to quench fever-born thirst but the oil is refreshing to tired limbs. The ancient synonym for perfection, sandal today cools and refreshes in its modern guise—Mysore Sandal Soap!
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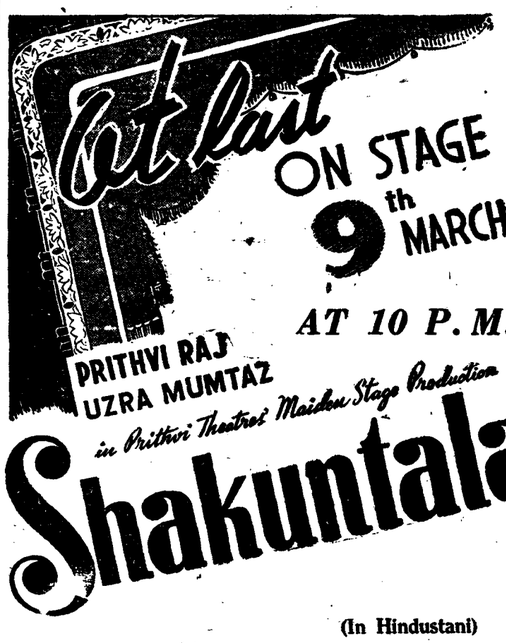

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Rates Rs. 25, 15, 10, 7-8, 5, 2-8 & 1-4-0
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
Advance Booking opens tomorrow 10 to 7 p.m.
The proceeds of the Premiere show will be donated to the Building Fund of Vikram Kala Mandir, (Bombay's Public Theatre).

CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Falgun Vad 3, 2001
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Avval 16, 1364
Parsi: Shehrever 30, 1314
Sunrise: 7-58 a.m., Sunset 7-44 p.m
Hightide: 2-50, 15-08
Lowtide: 8-56, 20-49
Corporation Standing Committee 2-30 p.m. (B.T.)

To-day's Engagements

BOMBAY EDUCATION LEAGUE'S WORLI HIGH SCHOOL: Seventh Annual Social Gathering today from 3 p.m to 7-30 p.m at Damodar Thakersey Hall, Poybavadi, Parel. Mr. J B H Wadia, (Proprietor Wadia Movietone) will preside.

SIND HINDU SABHA CHIEF'S "AT HOME" TO JOURNALISTS: Mr. Shamdas P. Gidwani, President, Hindu Mahasabha, Karachi will be at home to the journalists of Bombay at the residence of Dewan Bahadur Narainda Pohumal, Pohumal Building, Karnak Bridge today at 5 p.m.

S. I. A. RECEPTION TO C K NAYUDU: The South Indian Association, Bombay, will give a public reception to Col. C. K. Nayudu at the Association's premises, Telung Road, Matunga, today at 9 p.m. when Dr. P. Subbaroyan, President of the Cricket Control Board will preside.

PURDAH LADIES' PROPHET'S DAY: Under the auspices of the Holy Prophet's Birthday Celebrations Committee (Ladies Branch), Bombay, a mass gathering of the Purdah Muslim ladies, today at Beg Mahomed Baug, Mohomedaly Road Mrs. Sultana Fazal Hussein Sahiba will inaugurate and Mrs. Khadija Shafi Tyabji Sahiba, J P, M L A (Honorary Magistrate) will preside.

BOMBAY SINHALESE ASSOCIATION: Reception in honour of Sir T. B. Panabokke, K C E, C M G at Anand Vihar, Lamington Road, At 5 p m today.

BOMBAY & SUBURBAN TEA-SHOP KEEPERS' ASSOCIATION: A meeting of the tea-shop keepers and hotelkeepers of the City will be held today at 6 p m in Hirabaug, C P. Tank Road, to consider over the present situation.

BOMBAY YOUNG SINDHI ASSOCIATION GROUP: Sindhi Drama, for Sindhis residing in Bombay at 6-30 p m at Vidya Bhuwan, 2nd Fanaswadi, to-day for the Holi function. Admission Free.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Study Class on "Where Are The Dead." Jehangir Wadia Bldg Flora Fountain today 6-15 p.m.

BOMBAY SOCIAL HYGIENE COUNCIL: The annual general meeting today at 12 noon, at the Committee Room, Civil Secretariat. Mr. I. H. Taunton will preside.

ALL-INDIA GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES' FEDERATION: Meeting of representatives of Associations of Government employees in Bombay at 6 p m today in the office of the Federation at Soman Building, Girgaum, to explain the view of the employees in respect of the dearness allowance.

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER and the Councillors of Ward No. 14 (Parel) will meet near the Central Vaccination Station near Old Parel Tram Terminus tomorrow Saturday at 6.51 a m (B T) 9-30 a.m (S T) to go round the Ward. Residents of the ward who have grievances to represent should be present at the appointed place and time.

TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATION: In telegrams addressed to Cuba the sender's name comprising the Christian name and surname should be furnished for transmission.

BANDRA BUS CO. KAMGAR UNION: In the first general body meeting at Khar, the following office-bearers are elected:—
President:—Lalitmohan Kinariwalla, Vice-Presidents:—Rohit Dave and Samsuddin Alibhoy; General Secretary: Anil Mavani; Treasurers:—Mahamed Jaffer and Hussein Bhimaji; Joint Secretaries: Nurrudin Samsuddin and P. R. Vaidya and Organising Secretary:—B. K. Dattary.

Corporation Tribute To Egypt's Late Premier

BOMBAY THURSDAY: Bombay's City Fathers paid a silent tribute to the late Premier of Egypt, Ahmed Maher, by adjourning the Corporation meeting today. The move for adjournment came from Mr. Fateh Mohamed Haji Ramzan, seconded by Mr. Mancherji Joshi.

B. P. O. A. Athletic Meet

The Bombay Provincial Olympic Association are staging what promises to be a very attractive Invitation Athletic Meet at the Brabourne Stadium on Saturday the 31st March and Sunday the 1st April, when not only are tentative arrangements already afoot to include India's leading athletes but a combined American and British team from Calcutta is definitely taking part. Although full details of the proposed programme are not yet available, it is learnt the programme will consist of almost all the usual Olympic Field and Track events. The American team from Calcutta is the one which recently established a few new records.

BHANGIS' FAITH IN MAHATMA
The Secretary, Shri Bhangi Sevak Samaj writes:
The following resolution was passed unanimously at the meeting of the Bhangis held under the auspices of the Bhangi Sevak Samaj on Monday last at Municipal Chawls, Sukhlaji Street, under the presidentship of Shri Manjibhai Haribhai Maqwana:
"We the Bhangi community hereby publicly declare that we have full faith in the leadership of Revered Mahatma Gandhi and we are confident that whenever the question of political rights will arise he will use his influence on the Government and safeguard our rights and interests."

BAN ON YEMANUR FAIR
HUBLI, Feb. 28. Fearing an outbreak of cholera in the district, the District Magistrate, Dharwar, has prohibited under sec 144 Cr P. C. the Yemanur fair, which is to be held from March 1 to 7. The order will be in force for the whole of March.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

FRIDAY, MARCH 2.
BOMBAY—1.
244 m. (1,231 kc/s) 8-0 a.m. News (H). 8-15 News (E). 8.30 Shyam Sardesai. 8-45 Gottuvadyam. 8-50 News (M). 9-0 News (G). 9-15 To-morrow. 9-15 Sheikh Chand. 9-25 Geet. 9-40 R. G. Joshi.
12-30 p.m. Bhavgeet 12-45 News (M). 12-50 News (G). 12-55 News (H). 1-0 Ghazalen. 1-30 News (E). 1-40 Music. 4-20 School Broadcast. 5-0 Serene H. Doctor 5-30 T. Shevalkar. 5-45 Topical Talk. 5-55 Locals. 6-0 Aunty Hilda. 6-30 News (E). 6-40 News (H). 6-45 News Commentary (G). 6-50 Mahila Padbidri (Sitar) 7-0 Uddhotar Hindustan. 7-15 Shyam Sardesai. 7-45 Instr. Music. 8-0 Sheikh Chand. 8 15 News (M). 8-30 News (G). 8-45 T. Shevalkar (Vocal). 9-0 News (H). 9-20 News (E). 9-30 B. B. C. News. 9-45 World Affairs (B. B. C.). 10-0 Preet Ki Reet. 10-30 Panditrao Nagarkar.

Rail-Road Co-ordination

G. I. P. General Manager On Future Developments

BOMBAY, Thursday.
The prospects of a co-ordinated railroad service, railways carrying long distance traffic and road services handling short distance traffic, was envisaged by Lt. Col. R. B. Emerson, General Manager, G.I.P. Railway, at a press conference today.
As already indicated by the Railway Member in the Central Assembly State-managed Railways are to join Joint-Stock Companies along with the Provincial Government and existing operators. For the present, buses and freight carriers will operate parallel with the railway, but later on, some of these will be transferred to feed the Railway.
No Joint Stock Companies have been formed yet, and there is likely to be some delay in their formation. Meanwhile, the G.I.P. has arranged for transport of certain types of parcels from Bombay to Poona.
Detailed statistics regarding the increased traffic on the Suburban Railway and the many problems facing the railway management were also explained at the Conference. While in 1938-39, the number of Suburban passengers was 33 568,315, in 1943-44 the number was 69,954,380, an increase of 109 per cent. The General Manager announced that the accommodation in the existing coaches would be increased by a redistribution of seats and the provision of proper facilities for strap-hanging. An experimental rake was being prepared with some seats near the entrance removed, and public reaction would be watched. The proposed alteration is expected to result in 15 per cent increase in carrying capacity.
Long lists of figures to show the increased war load on G.I.P. Railway were also furnished. While in 1938-39, the gross ton-miles of goods carried was 7,097 millions, in 1943-44, this had increased to 9,700 millions, an increase of 37 per cent. Among other things, this had necessitated the reduction of passenger train miles by 18.1 per cent.

USE OF NEW SYNTHETIC FIBRES

Papers Read At Textile Conference

BOMBAY, Thursday.
The Second All-India Textile Conference held its Second Session today. Mr. D. L. Sen, Acting Director, Technological Laboratory, Indian Cotton Committee, presided over the Fibre Section and Mr. G. S. Karpur, Chief Engineer, Khatau Mills, presided over the Electrical Section.
A number of papers pertaining to the two sections were read at the meeting.
Dr. G. R. Kelkar who spoke on "Some New Synthetic Fibres" dealt with the characteristics of a molecule essential for fibre, production and described the properties of synthetic fibres like Nylen and Vinyen.
Mr. R. N. Kapur spoke on "Utilisation of certain vegetable silk fibres in the Textile Industry". He described three main varieties of vegetable silks which were not being industrially used so far. They could be of great use to the textile industry on account of their lustre, warmth and lightness.
Mr. A. N. Gulati, Mr. V. A. Agaonkar, Mr. T. M. Shah, Mr. R. P. Richardson, and Mr. W. Hughes also spoke.
The evening ended with a programme of music and entertainment.

MURDER ACCUSED REMANDED

BOMBAY, Thursday.
Hashmatulla Ranatulla was placed before Mr. Oscar Brown, Chief Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Court, to-day, by the Princess Street Police Station charged with the murder of Parvati Noorshan.
The deceased was found with several stab wounds on her body dying on the road and was removed to the hospital by a constable on the 2nd ultimo where she succumbed to her injuries.
The Magistrate remanded the accused to the police custody pending further injuries.

Indian Exports To S. Africa Next Only To U. K. And U. S.

CAPE TOWN, Feb. 28. The latest trade figures published in conjunction with the budget statement today reveal that India is second only to the United Kingdom and the United States in the quantity of goods supplied to the Union. The figures reveal that South African imports from India rose from four million sterling in 1941 to seven million in 1942, to eight million in 1943 and 11 million in 1944 when imports from the United Kingdom amounted to 24 million sterling and from the United States 18 million sterling.—Reuter.

Bank Of India Declares 11 Percent Dividend

BOMBAY, WEDNESDAY: The annual ordinary general meeting of the Bank of India Limited was held this evening at the Bank's premises, Sir Chunilal V. Mehta, presided. The report of the Directors and the audited accounts for the year ended 31st December 1944, were unanimously adopted.
Mr. Ambalal Sarabhai and Mr. Ramnivas Ramnarain who had retired by rotation were re-elected.
A dividend of eleven per cent per annum on the paid up capital, free of income-tax was declared as well as a bonus of one per cent per share.

MOGAVEERA HIGH SCHOOL SPORTS
The Annual Athletic Sports of the Mogaveera Free Night High School was held on Monday last at the Cooperage Ground.
Mr. Narayan T. Bangera was declared the Senior Champion.

RESULT OF GITA EXAMINATIONS: GITA PRAVESH: Out of 22 candidates who appeared in the Gita Pravesh examination the following 21 were declared successful.
1ST CLASS WITH DISTINCTION: 24. Khajanchi M. G.
1ST CLASS: 4. Vyas M. R. 6. Joshi M. M.
II CLASS: Shukla H K; Vyas A M; Soni R D; Patel S R; Patel P M; Patel B K; Patel G H; Solanki P V; Mistry J M; Brahmachari H G.
PASS CLASS: Joshi M L; Joshi Y G; Upadhyaya P J; Bidwadkar P J; Patel R D; Patel J R; Jani M B; Shukla N D.
GITA VID EXAMINATION: II. CLASS: 3 Khajanchi M G.
PASS CLASS: 1 Joshi M. M.
Prizes.
Gita Pravesh:—Nos. 24, 4 and 6 are awarded the first three prizes in order of merit.
Gita Vid:—Nos. 3 and 1 are awarded the 1st two prizes in order of merit.

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BARE NAWAB SAHEB
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ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, March 1. Following weather chart shows the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches as recorded at eight hours I.M.T. on February 28, 1945:—

Allanabad 87 52 0, BOMBAY 99 73 0, Calcutta 86 59 0, Cawnpore 86 49 0, Cuttack 89 59 0, Darjeeling 52 35 0, Leni 88 53 0, Dehra Dun 77 48 0, Jacobabad 88 59 0, Karachi 89 64 0, Lahore 89 49 0, Lucknow 86 52 0, Madras 86 71 0, Nagpur 87 53 0, Patna 81 57 0, Peshawar 69 48 0, Shillong 65 37 0, Simla 59 46 0.—A. P.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

I would take liberty from any hand as a hungry man would snatch a piece of bread.

—Joseph Conrad.

The Bombay Chronicle

THROW IT OUT

The Central Budget proposals seem to have had a mixed reception in the country. Though on the whole one feels there is nothing enthusing about them, one also feels that things might have been worse under the present Government. Moreover, the proposals need to be considered from the political as well as the economic point of view. Indeed, the two views cannot be separated. The present Budget, like the previous ones, is what it is because of the Government being constitutionally irresponsible. If at the commencement of the war or early thereafter there were a national responsible Government at the Centre the size and features of the war budgets would have been markedly different. In the first place Indianisation in all the Defence forces would have been effected considerable economy in the cost of defence. And whatever burdens might be found inevitable would have been more equitably distributed between taxation and borrowing than has been the case so far. As things are the defence expenditure has been determined by a bureaucratic Government with little regard for economy and the Legislature has been asked to sanction it willy nilly. That is intolerable and the entire Finance Bill must be thrown out.

As regards the purely economic aspect of the Budget, it may be conceded there are some indications, however faint, of reforms in the proposals. One such is the partial exemption of income earned from exertion from the income-tax. But the relief given is extremely meagre as only one-tenth of earned income is exempted. Secondly, businessmen will welcome the relief proposed to be given to industries in respect of depreciation allowance for income-tax but the relief is extremely small. Some promising sources of revenue have been hinted at for the post-war period. For instance an Estate Duty is suggested and the Finance Member has announced a Bill on this later in the session. A bolder suggestion is the extension of State ownership of industries as a source of additional revenue. But these suggestions of future reforms seem to have been calculated only to disarm criticism of the present severely orthodox Budget.

One of the most disappointing features of the Finance Member's Budget speech is his references to the sterling balances due to India from Britain. We are told that negotiations about these cannot be entered upon until after the end of the war with Germany. Surely it would have been possible for at least a portion of the balances being utilised for the immediate importation of machinery for the speedy development of Indian Industries. The question of the sterling balances has become rather intriguing. Apart from the "compensatory imports", presumably of consumtion articles, that the Finance Member speaks of, he says regarding accretions to the balances: "Any payments that will become due from India to H.M.G. for stores required for her post-war defence forces or in connection with terminal adjustments after the war will partly counteract these accretions. So also will the rupee sale-proceeds of surplus stores and other assets belonging to H.M.G. that are disposed of in India".

We shall not be surprised if a large portion of the balances is reserved for an indefinite period to equate an indefinite amount representing India's dues to Britain for defence purposes during and after the war. The Finance member has said that "it has not yet proved practicable to devise and ensure the just allocation of the cost of war among the participants in a common cause". The Indian people may have little voice in determining their obligations, which may be determind entirely by Britain. The same may be the fate of our dues to Britain regarding defence after the war till we achieve self-Government. However these economic questions are ultimately settled, they show how they are affected by political power. In determining therefore its attitude towards the Budget, the Central Legislature must stand up first and foremost for its constitutional rights. Till it is given effective control over the country's finances it must continue to throw out the Budget.

Frankly Speaking

Significant Remark

Mr. Winston Churchill had, in his Commons speech, a word of particular praise for "this most remarkable man", "the famous Ruler of Saudi Arabia", King Ibn Saud. There may be a number of reasons for this, one possibly being the developing relations between Saudi Arabia and the United States. But the passage that particularly concerns us at the moment is this: "although we did not reach a solution of the problems of the Arab world and of the Jewish people in Palestine, I have hopes that when the war is over arrangements can be made for securing the peace and progress of the Arab world and generally the Middle East." The Arab world is agitated over the problem of its complete freedom and over the encroachment, with British and American support, on Palestine which is Arab. The feat that Mr. Churchill "did not reach a solution" is a significant warning of the dangers that threaten the Arab world and particularly Palestine.

Mr. Jinnah And Sind

It is possible to sympathise with Mr. Jinnah who finds himself beset with so many growing difficulties. He rails and rages at Mr. G. M. Syed like an exasperated soul. Perhaps he is right. Perhaps Mr. Syed is guilty of all the charges with which Mr. Jinnah overwhelms the President of his Sind Provincial Muslim League. But while the Jinnah-Syed quarrel is undoubtedly a matter of public interest it is primarily a domestic affair. And however serious, it definitely occupies second place in importance to another development. The main issue is not so much Mr. G. M. Syed's guilt as Sir Ghulam Husain's counter-stroke. The Muslim League Premier of Sind has constituted a coalition between the Muslim League and the Azad Muslim Group. This affects the very fundamentals of Muslim League policy as propounded and persisted in by Mr. Jinnah ever since he decided that he would claim for his organisation the sole authoritative right to represent Muslims. Mr. Jinnah's refusal to instruct and advise Mr. Syed may be an understandable expression of his righteous bitterness. But that cannot constitute an excuse for evading a very vital issue raised by Mr. Syed, an issue which is of great interest to all.

"Secret Understandings"

With the safe arrival of President Roosevelt at Washington there have been revealed the details of an interview which he gave to three American News Agencies at Algiers. One point in that interview arrests immediate attention. The President told the Press representatives that at Yalta the Big Three had reached some secret understandings. He was prepared, he further said, to inform Congress to that effect but he regarded the understandings as necessarily secret although they would probably become apparent in time." The President's statement provokes anxiety. Secret understandings in the political field are usually arrived at to the prejudice of the victims of those understandings. There have already been suspicions, circumstantially strengthened, of "understandings" among the Big Three regarding "spheres of influence" the "Empires" of European Powers and so on. Is not the President further reinforcing those suspicions?

"Champions" Of Poland

The worst enemies of the London Poles have been, not Stalin and the Lublin Committee, but their own unthinking obstinacy and their friends among British Tories whose advice and encouragement have ended in the emigre Government landing itself into the wilderness. Some of these Tories were in action in the House of Commons on Wednesday. They waxed eloquent, righteous and indignant. They saw the horrible spectacle of a small nation being martyred by a big and strong one. They could not endure the sight. Therefore in the name of justice and democracy they called for instant redressal of a grievous wrong. And they invoked the Atlantic Charter. But who are these gallant champions of martyrs, democracy and the Atlantic Charter? They are the gentlemen who would at any cost preserve the British Empire for Britain, who would martyr democracy and justice and tear the Atlantic Charter—they have already done so, in fact—to bits rather than allow freedom and the Atlantic Charter rights to India and the Colonies. They are die-hard Imperialists who are afraid of the Soviet Union because of the "dangers" of its economic and social appeal to their own world of domination and exploitation. It is not sympathy for Poles that moves them but hostility to Russia. And both spring from the same source —their imperialism.

Our Reader's Views

City's Milk Supply

Comrade S. S. Mirajkar's statement on the "milk-crisis" prevailing in the city makes very interesting reading. As a communist Comrade Mirajkar cannot paint any other picture of the crisis than what he has done.

Allow me, therefore, to present the other side of the picture so that the public as well as the Government may understand the true and correct position.

I am an ex-Secretary and one of the founders of the Bombay Milch Cattle Owners' Association. I have given some thought to the problem of our city's Milk Supply, hence I am in a position to know more than Comrade Mirajkar under what difficulties the milk trade in the city is carried on. Comrade Mirajkar blames the milk traders for their reluctance to forego a part of their exorbitant profit. But I simply cannot understand what is exorbitant profit in the milk trade to-day.

The cost of production of one seer milk comes to ten annas and nine pies, while the milk producers are selling milk at the rate of twelve annas per seer. The cost of production has increased by heaps and bounds. The rents of stables have increased by 80 to 100 per cent. The salaries of the Bhaiyyas by 125 per cent. the fodder of the cattle costs them 300 to 400 per cent more than what it was in 1940. The prices of the cattle to-day are higher by 400 per cent. Added to this the delivery charges and petty expenses have also increased considerably, not to mention losses by accidents and acts of God such as deaths of milch cattle by diseases. It is a wonder the milk trade has survived in spite of these difficulties.

Comrade Mirajkar charges the milk traders that they did not make real effort to find a solution of the problem which may harmonise their interests with those of the consumers. It seems the Comrade is not aware that during the last year the Government appointed a committee to inquire and make a report on the subject of expenditure etc., of milk production. The milk producers one and all co-operated whole-heartedly with the committee and the committee after a thorough inquiry in the city and the suburbs made a comprehensive report to the Government, but unfortunately for reasons best known to them the Government has not published the report as yet.

I agree with Comrade Mirajkar's view that by wantonly destroying the surplus milk as they foolishly did, they will not win the sympathy of the public for their legitimate demands. I also endorse Comrade Mirajkar's plea for controlling the milk prices, which should be economic price for the producer.

In order to do this I suggest that the Government officials and some accredited representatives of the milk trade—not the people who resemble very much to the proverbial Three Tailors of Tooly Street—must sit at a round table and solve this knotty problem at least for the duration, and save the milk trade from ruin as well as earn the gratitude of thousands of families who cannot get this indispensable essential for human health at a fair price.

MUHAMMAD A. PATEL.

Jaggery-Control

Under the Gul Control Order passed by the Government of Bombay, in December last the price of best quality Gul is fixed at Rs. 14 per Bengal maund and the movement of Gul from one district to another district is banned without permits issued by the Collectors. The procedure laid down in the order for removal of the commodity is clearly worded. The Collector of a deficit district is to authorise individuals or institutions to make purchases in the surplus district and import the commodity to the deficit district. The Collector of a surplus district is not to take any initiative in the matter, but when purchases of Gul are made as noted above, he is to issue export permits and recommend transport priorities.

If the Government order is implemented in letter and spirit, there will be no difficulties in making equitable distribution from the surplus districts to the deficit districts, but some of the opportunist merchants in deficit districts have girded up their loins and are trying to get monopolies by pursuading the Collectors of their districts. It is heard that some of them have succeeded in Thana and West Khandesh Districts. It is the general experience in the past years that when a commodity is controlled it becomes difficult for the public to obtain it. It is to be obtained from Black Market after the merchants have profiteered to their hearts' content. To put a stop to such malpractices, the Collectors of deficit districts will have to be very careful in issuing import permits to merchants and institutions. It is the declared policy of Government to entrust the work of distribution of controlled articles to merchants' associations or to well-managed co-operative institutions like Purchase and Sale Unions and Multi-purpose Societies. If it is done so, there will be no danger of profiteering or black marketing, if it is ascertained beforehand that the merchants' associations are not bogus and the co-operative societies are not badly managed. If fair and equitable distribution is arranged, the consumers are likely to be benefited but the interest of the producers also requires to be guarded by eliminating the middlemen as far as possible.

As soon as the movement of Gul is banned from one district to another, the price of Gul has gone down and the agriculturists have to sell their Gul at about Rs. 8 or 10 per maund, even if the controlled price is fixed at Rs. 14. Unless co-operative banks and societies in the Gul-producing area come forward and make arrangements to provide finance to the agriculturists on the security of Gul till better prices accrue, or at any rate the controlled prices are obtained, the agriculturists are likely to be hit hard, as the labour and other charges in producing Gul have considerably increased during this year. The position is serious and it cannot brook delay. The officers and the institutions concerned should wake up early and make necessary arrangements to save the situation.

M. D. CHAVDA,
Senior Inspector,
Bombay Provincial Co-op. Bank Ltd.,
Nasik Division.

FROM ANARCHY TO PLANARCHY

I—Condition Of Anarchy

(BY PROF. S. V. PUNTAMBEKAR)

Every age and stage in human life develops its own instruments of thought and work if we divide history into ages and stages of humanity in its continuous process towards creativity and unity. We are living today in an age of co-operative Science and in a stage of regional planarchy. Previous ages and stages were dominated by ideas of conflicting religions and international anarchy. Today science is the measurement of our thought, and technological planning is the method of our work. Our world has made vast and speedy advances in them. They have affected our ways of living and our attitude towards life. Now there is emerging a new pattern of Social life which is demanding a new sort of thinking living and organisation to be evolved and adopted. Let us call it the age of planarchy.

We find today the old world of nations and groups in a stage of international and ideological anarchy where thoughts and processes and techniques of action are in conflict. But it is not an ordinary conflict between nations or groups. The whole world is involved in the struggle. It is a war of all against all where men and groups behave like wolves towards one another. Consequently the fortunes of human civilisation seem to be at stake. Her best sons and great nations are engaged in this fratricidal struggle. Its cause is not merely unfettered nationalism but the bankruptcy of the rigid systems and institutions, beliefs and associations which the preplanarchical age fanatical world has created. In the name of the truth and security of particular rigid conceptions of life and closed systems of living, human life and culture of other groups were hated, attacked and tried to be suppressed, or viciously controlled and made insecure. Every one thought that he was true and all others were wrong. There was no common thought, no common measurement and method of life which were tested and found true on the basis of old human experience and new experiment and observation. There was no toleration and no co-operation, no give and take and no assimilation. All was insistance, not assistance.

SIX FALLACIES

Six fallacies were rampant. Each one claimed that it alone was right and was the only way of humanity. The Individualist fallacy gave full freedom to the individual who alone, it considered, counted in the process of civilisation. Individualism was considered the correct philosophy and way of human life. The Idealist fallacy emphasized a particular ideal or interpretation of human life and process and considered it alone as right. The Materialist fallacy disregarded the individual or the ideal as such and laid stress upon the physical or economic interpretation of the process of human history and the world as the only correct theory of nature and life. The Religionist fallacy recognised the revelations about the course and destiny of humanity of their own particular prophets as sacred and final for all times, places and groups. The Socialist fallacy regarded all other philosophies and practices of human life as wrong and its own theory of class struggle and of economic determinism as the only correct reading of history and as the only inevitable course of human development. The Racialist fallacy propounded the myth of superiority and the theory of sacredness of particular races and their right to dominate guide and develop the world, because they were the only creators of human civilisation and therefore must control its course. All these schools of thought considered that their particular theories were the correct interpretations of human life, and that they were really humanitarian in their outlook. But humanity suffered heavily under their particularist interpretations and their theories of unilinear causation course and consequence of historical life, while to humanity all aspects and elements of life subjective and objective, are important. They are only to be properly interrelated and harmonised protected and developed. Humanity knows no narrow frontiers and rigid barriers of life and practice. It wants maximum unity and minimum restraint. Therefore these doctrines of superiority and self sufficiency and their historical sanction and significance are all false if each is considered to be the only true one. Their rigid conceptions of superiority of particular groups and systems—races and religions, cultures and civilisations, nations and communities, majorities and minorities, masses and classes, ideologies and credologies have created the present anarchy in our intellectual, social political and economic world. Unless a more tolerant and human conception of our life, of the fluidity and flexibility of its groups and institutions of its co-operative causation course and consequence develops and is adopted, and their interdependent nature is recognised, international anarchy of today will remain, and will drown or stifle us.

INSECURITY AND FRUSTRATION

The whole civilisational or historical process is a continuous flow and fluctuation, not a sudden jump, jerk or fall. It is aiming at human unity and creativity, by a process of diffusion and fusion of various cultures, by their convergence and co-operation. It is a regular and continuous process of liberalisation and harmonisation, and finally of assimilation. It is not purely one of a negation of negations. It is a multilinear process converging towards social harmony and freedom. It overflows boundaries of tribes and nations, kingdoms and empires, and frontiers of races and religions, classes and civilisations. It is a process of association and adaptation, not of separation and partition, of exclusivism and isolation. It culminates in the unity and integration of human life. But as human life is creative there is no finality in its historical process and achievement. It's beckoning goal is a co-operative commonwealth. It develops a living consciousness of inter-dependence and humanity amongst its members. Its presupposition is a firm grasp of the unity of human civilisation. It considers it to an age-long continuing partnership, a common heritage, a collective achievement and a joint responsibility. Any of its part (race, nation, group or community) is meaningless except in its relation to and as an aspect of the whole.

We live today in a world of no common plan but of anarchy. The strong dominate the weak, fight amongst themselves, bring untold miseries on the innocent and the peaceful, undermine the moral bases of our civilisation and try to exterminate all. They have created a great feeling of insecurity, fear, frustration and want in the whole world and have sacrificed the best of their people in this holocaust of political and economic welfare and in their desire to dominate the world. Even in peaceful times there is anarchy in production, distribution, consumption and control. Our life is regulated by the social economy of master and servant, by the political method of master and subject, by the economic system of price and profit, rent and interest, wages of monopolised markets and trades and of controlled routes and materials and by the family system of uncontrolled births and rampant diseases. There is mal-adjustment and mal-distribution, waste and want everywhere. This is the condition of the old world we are living in.

ROLE OF PLANARCHY

Planarchy contemplates to remove the evils of anarchy. It aims at partnership and association in life and work, not at partition and competition by organising separate groups and systems. It is the institutional embodiment of the unity of humanity, a higher stage in its process and a further step in its organisation and consolidation. The insufficiency and viciousness of our old political and economic nationalism—its autocracy and autarchy—has been progressively revealed in the present confusion, misery and despair brought out by anarchy.

Planarchy or the idea of plan heralds the revolution of our time. "Plan" is the revolution we want. It is to be both a process and an achievement. It is to be the instrument of our times. In the life of a people planning will play the role that thinking plays in individual life. It embodies both our social thinking and social engineering. Planarchy is the adoption of scientific attitude and method, and the application of scientific knowledge and engineering with the help of experts to the solution of human problems of social security, social justice and social welfare. It involves the rejection of individual competition and group rivalries, and of the national and international anarchy created by them. It adopts the rule of a common plan embodying measures for the security and welfare of larger groups, and this becomes an achievement to the extent it promotes by positive measures human security and welfare, and assures to the individual a higher standard of long life and opportunity.

The idea of planarchy was born in the German army. It may be an old idea and practice. But its comprehensive use for achieving great results on a large scale was made by German army leaders. The famous Schlieffen plan was a great scientific conception for achieving definite results. It took all aspects and objectives, all means and ways into consideration in relation to time, place and aim to be achieved. It possessed scientific accuracy and engineering precision, and also a precise forecast of the course of events to take place with the carrying out of that plan. All German wars and German scientific and economic progress are based on the ideas of planning.

PLANARCHY IN PRACTICE

The greatest credit however of making planarchy a modern inevitable method of national life goes to Soviet Russia and its leaders, Lenin and Stalin. They applied the theory and practice of planning to all the aspects of their country's life, and thus raised and revolutionised her from a medieval and backward country to a great modern state and society with the help of her three five year plans. Planning was made the driving thought and measuring instrument of her industrial, agricultural, educational and military progress. It is the greatest legacy of modern Russia to humanity and is being rapidly adopted by all nations of the world.

Planarchy is born of an all-inclusive and collective view of life. Anarchy is the result of a partial and isolationist view of life. One is the philosophy and practice of a new one world order, the other is that of a number of differing group orders. Man's interdependence has vastly increased by the rapid growth of the means of communication and conveyance, and of common ascertained experience and knowledge of human security and welfare, embodied in science and technology. It has outstripped man's power to control or to promote them by his own haphazard or isolated group efforts. Human life flows over its old boundaries and fuses itself into new larger human tastes, habits and patterns. Modern inventions have brought the peoples of the world very close together whether they like it or not. Ours is a great society, a plural society. Geographical distance has been virtually eliminated and the world is so linked up that happenings in one place have their swift repercussions in areas far remote and apparently unconnected with it. We must therefore think in terms of continents. Now we must see things in the big. The world has shrunk in time and place, and enormously increased in contact and fusion of cultures. It has become one nation.

(TO BE CONCLUDED)

Islamic Art

Unique Exhibition At Cleveland Museum

The loan exhibition of Islamic art at the Cleveland Museum offers so extensive a wealth of material that it presents the whole culture of a region which currently attracts new interest because of its geographical importance in the global conflict. Close to five hundred objects from Egypt, Syria, Armenia, Turkey, Mesopotamia, India under the Mughals, and especially, Persia are gathered here. The miraculous craftsmanship which give minor arts the importance of major arts, the mastery of color and design, and the emotional expression achieved through formal means are apparent in an assemblage which represents practically all the forms of Islamic art. In this exhibition there are over 200 so-called miniatures (paintings and drawings); over 100 pieces of pottery; forty-odd metal objects, many of them inlaid; about forty textiles; seven pieces of enamelled and painted glass; numerous pages of calligraphy; a number of bookbindings; an ivory box-cover, a wooden breviary, and so forth. Looking at the art from these Mohamedan countries Focillon's words are recalled "..... at the same time universal yet local; monumental yet delicate; traditional yet inventive." valid for objects large and small.

CERAMICS, GLASS, ENAMEL

Among the earliest objects are several pieces of pottery from the Mesopotamian city of Samarra, which was founded in 836 A.D. and abandoned in 883 A.D. thus establishing a landmark for the dating of ceramics of a certain type. Probably the outstanding example of this early ware in the show is a large jar with handles lent by the Art Institute of Chicago.

Other early potteries are included, such as Nishapur, so-called Tang-type, so-called Gabri, Raqqa, and lustered wares made probably in Persia, such as the striking bowl with the camel belonging to the Detroit Institute of Arts. These Islamic craftsmen, prohibited in the use of precious metals, attained an effect of gold in this luster work (by using metallic salts over the glaze and then refining slowly in a special kiln). Perhaps the rarest of this work is that of Fustat, the ancient Cairo, represented here by an outstanding bowl with an antelope from Dikran G. Kelekian.

There are also several of the enamelled and painted glass pieces, which were mostly made in the fourteenth or fifteenth centuries under the Mamluk sultans of Egypt.

MINIATURES, DRAWINGS, PAINTINGS

Among the earliest miniatures, or book illustrations, are those from an Arabic translation of the Materia Medica, or medicinal treatise of the Greek Dioscorides. One of the finest of these is that representing a Stag, Serpent, and Simple, lent by the William Rockhill Nelson Gallery of Kansas City. It comes from a Mesopotamian book produced in 1222 A.D., and the vigor and simplicity of the statement must have been very convincing to the medical practitioners.

Another work probably of the fourteenth century is the treatise of al-Jazari on Automata or the Book of the Knowledge of Ingenious Geometrical (Mechanical) Devices. There are several pages from this treatise lent by H. Kevorkian and Mrs. Kirkor Minassian.

The group from the Shah-Nama, which includes some of the finest paintings ever done in Moslem Persia, are paintings which, though small in scale, are capable of infinite enlargement,—a fact which tends to prove their intrinsic greatness. Another fine fourteenth century group is from the Jami at-Tavarikh, or Universal History, of Rashid ad-Din.

No Islamic show can exist without a number of fine drawings, and these are excellently exemplified by the fifteenth century Weeping Man from the Worcester Art Museum, the sixteenth century Dragon and Phoenix from Mr. Philip Hofer, and the sixteenth century Iskander Fighting the Dragon from the Pierpoint Morgan Library. These three, though so different in type, embody the dynamic movement inherent in only the finest drawings.

The high quality of the many objects from the Boston Museum can perhaps be suggested by the extraordinarily elegant sixteenth century portrait of the youthful Shah Tahmasp, which, like many another of the Boston paintings and drawings, stands alone in its field. For a somewhat later and slightly more hedonistic variety of picture, the Youthful Cupbearer from the City Art Museum of St. Louis is an outstanding example.

SCULPTURE

Genuine Islamic sculpture is a very rare article and is adequately covered by a twelfth century stucco figure lent by H. Kevorkian and a remarkable Persian stone relief from about the same period showing two confronted lions and lent by R. Stora and Company.

METAL-WORK, TEXTILES

There are also many fine examples of metal-work, both inlaid and plain, but their most salient characteristics are not subject to easy reproduction. Textiles range from early Egyptian in Coptic style to late Mughal, most of them coming from the Textile Museum of the District of Columbia. An excellent example of late Persian textiles is the little seventeenth century fabric from the Detroit Institute of Arts designed by the painter, Riza-I-Abbasi.—USOWI.

TÊTE-A-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT

RIO DE JANEIRO, Feb. 28. President Vargas to-day signed a "Constitutional Act", modifying the Brazilian constitution which has been in force since November 1937, in order to allow elections to be held and to adapt the regime to new world conditions.

—Reuter.

* * *

According to a Washington report, President Roosevelt told Press representatives that the Big Three had reached some secret understandings at the Crimea Conference.

Then, heaven help the subject or subjects thereof.

* * *

In the House of Commons on Wednesday, half-a-dozen Tories laid their heads and heart reverently at the feet of the Atlantic Charter, the issue being the Russo-Polish tangle.

It was a touching exhibition of British sense of justice and righteousness in respect of a "martyred" nation. And an enjoyably tearful time was had by all their supporters.

* * *

The question of India and other "dependencies", however, does not arise in this connection.

In fact when such matters are in issue the Tories are determined with that traditional British genius for compromise to place their feet at the head and heart of the Atlantic Charter.

* * *

India Now Pays Rs. 10 Per Head For War.

—Headline.

Good.

By the way, what does India now earn per head and what is the present cost of living?

* * *

And we refuse to join the chorus of Indian disapproval with which our Sir Jeremy Raisman's budget proposals have been received.

After all there is inflation abroad. How can we escape the ruinous exactions of this monster unless we pay even more to the War Budget?

* * *

The Sind Situation:—

(1) No further developments have been reported since the Qaid-e-Azam's pin-point bombardment of Mr. G. M. Syed.

(2) Mr. Jinnah has not published any correspondence or communications passing between him and Sir Ghulam Husain.

(3) The suggestion that silence means Mr. Jinnah's consent to "Muslim League"—Azad Muslim coalition has found neither confirmation nor denial in any quarter.

(4) Neither is there so far any sign, as expected by the Junior Colleague, that Mr. Syed having been knocked out by the referee, Sir Ghulam Husain will now proceed to throw out Hall Mauls Baksh.

(5) The situation is now both tense and intriguing.

* * *

"I am sixty years old", said the rich old gentleman to a lady friend of his, "and I want your advice. Do you think it would be better for me to tell a certain lady whom I would like to marry that I am fifty?"

His friend thought for a moment, and then replied, with a smile: "Well, if you want me to be perfectly frank, I think your prospects of getting her would be vastly better if you told her you were seventy-five".

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

When you lose a friend by lending him a small sum of money you get the best of the bargain.

* * *

However, a kiss is merely the juxtaposition of two sets of orbicularis oris muscles simultaneously contracted.

* * *

A scientist says that greenbacks breed disease. There is no question that the fewer of them is contagious.

* * *

A cynical bachelor says that one can never tell what a day may bring forth. A man may be happy to-day and married to-morrow.

* * *

The middle class in society resembles the meat in a sandwich. Inasmuch as it is between the upper crust and the underbred.

* * *

A man will give a dollar for a 50-cent article that he wants. A woman will give 40 cents for a 50-cent article that she doesn't want.

COMMERCE MEMBER MISINFORMED

Requisitioning Of Educational Institutions

Mr. Prahalad Mehta, a member of the Executive Committee of the Bombay Students' Union (Nationalist), writes:—

In the course of a debate in the Central Legislative Assembly, Sir Aziz-ul-Huq, Commerce Member of the Government of India, while replying to Mr. Manu Subedar, is reported to have said, "So far as the Government is aware no educational institution has been requisitioned in Bombay."

This is far from truth. As a matter of fact, three educational institutions have been requisitioned in the city since months—namely, the Children's Academy High School at Chanpatty, the Khalsa College at Matunga and the Public School at Andheri. The Children's Academy High School was occupied two years ago by giving only one month's notice to the school authorities. As a result of this, the students of the school are compelled to study in the building of another high school. In consequence of this, the number of the students on the roll of the school has gone down considerably. The students of the school cannot have any extra-curricular activities due to lack of accomodation in the building.

As regards the Khalsa College, the Authorities have occupied ground floor of the College Buildings putting the students to much trouble. The College authorities could not extend the arts and science classes when hundreds of students in Bombay failed to secure admission in other colleges in the city.

The specially built buildings of the Public School at Andheri were taken over by the Authorities long ago and the students and staff are undergoing much inconvenience as the school has been shifted to Worli.

I would like to bring these facts to the notice of the general public. I strongly deplore the ignorance of the Commerce Member in this matter.

Spare Mahatmaji For National Work

Strain Of Ever-Increasing Correspondence Tells On His Health

WARDHA (By Mail).

Accompanied by Dr. Sushila Nair and Mrs. Madalsa Agarwal, Gandhiji left for Sewagram after six days' stay at Wardha. Principal S. N. Agarwal in whose cottage Mahatmaji lived during his stay here, when interviewed regarding Gandhiji's general health observed:

"Gandhiji's general health is fairly satisfactory. He has recouped from his recent illness, and his weight is, at present, 108 lbs. He has commenced hard work during the day, and regularly attends to his ever-increasing correspondence. The number of daily interviews are also multiplying. I am very sorry to find that we have not yet learned to exercise self-restraint in our devotion and love of Gandhiji. Everybody is so eager to write to him or to have a personal interview with him. Gandhiji is very courteous and sympathetic, and he thinks several times before refusing interviews or keeping his even very ordinary letters unreplied. All this means a heavy strain on his body and mind. The admirers of Gandhiji must realise that he is not a statue of stone like our other gods; he is a human being who requires sufficient rest and quiet at this advanced age. The greatest service that we can render to him is to spare every possible minute of his for important national work. Otherwise, the heavy strain is again bound to tell upon his health. This will certainly be our greatest disservice to the nation at this critical juncture of national history.

"I once more appeal to the country to exercise much more self-control, and instead of writing to the Mahatma or seeking interviews with him, people so desirous, should carefully read and study what he has been writing all these twenty-five years during his active public life in this country."—A.P.

First China Convoy In Three Years

(Left) U. S. Brigadier General Lewis Pick, who directed the building of the new road to China, leads the first truck convoy over the Stilwell Road across the China border at Wanting on January 28, marking the end of the almost three-year-long Japanese-imposed land blockade of China. The convoy completed its 1044-mile trip to Kunming on February 4.

(Right) Welcoming the first convoy to China are (left to right): Maj.-Gen. Howard Davidson, Commander of 10th U. S. Army Air Force; Maj.-Gen. C. L. Chennault, Commander of 14th U. S. Army Air Force; General Wei Li-huang, Commander of Chinese Expeditionary Force; Lieut. Gen. Daniel I. Sultan, Commander of U. S. forces in India and Burma; Lieut-Gen. Huang Chi-hsieng, deputy to General Wei; T. V. Soong, Acting President of China's Executive Yuan, and General Sun Li-jen, Commander of Chinese Army in India.

Goebbels Speaks Of Resumption Of U-Boat Activity

THREAT OF MORE V-SHELLING

LONDON, Feb. 28.

The German Radio tonight broadcast a radio address from the Minister of Propaganda, Dr. Goebbels, to the German people.

Goebbels made a strong appeal to the German spirit of resistance and determination to win.

Goebbels also forecast strong resumption of German U-boat activity which, he said, was likely to have disastrous consequences for "the enemy whose shipping situation was already strained."

Goebbels stressed that his speech was made to present a comprehensive survey of the war which, he said, "has taken such a distressing turn in the past few weeks. The general war situation has undergone a sudden modification following the successful Soviet offensive from the Baranov bridge-head—and this is a modification detrimental to us.

"Our own position has reached the highest degree of tension—but it is by no means hopeless. We have established a new defence line in the east but both in its present function and for future operations it is purely an improvised affair.

"We must and will regain the territories we have lost. Our enemies are crowing too soon when they imagine that they have broken the backbone of the Reich.

THREAT OF REPRISALS

"The enemy will pay for what he has done to us. Like our fathers before us, we shall break the assault of the Mongols against the heart of Europe."

Goebbels urged the Germans to "still further limit war-time life, substantially simplify equipment and use it at decisive focal points, still further drain man-power and in internal organisation to employ makeshifts."

He added, "The air terror has reached proportions which are about as heavy as humans can bear. But there are worse things than that and we shall soon become acquainted with them, if we bow to the enemy's destructive will. Britain will go on destroying our towns. That makes us suffer greatly, but it does not kill us. We shall give our answer in substantially increased V-shelling.

"The British merchant navy will ultimately fall a prey to U-boats and after the war Britain faced with the ruins of her former riches and power will come to grief. We shall win, but if the Allies gained their goal, suffering for the German people would be so great that our leaders as a matter of course would go before them to honourable death.

"But that is not what is occupying our minds to-day. We are thinking only of the successful continuation of our life and death struggle till it terminates happily and victoriously. Our people are today going through their hardest ordeal. I do not doubt that they will pass the test."

Seized Properties Of A.I.S.A. Ordered To Be Returned

Dacca District Judge Overrules Magistrates' Decision

DACCA, Feb. 28.

Mr. S. K. Sen, I.C.S., District Judge, today delivered judgment substantially allowing the claim of Mr. Jitendra Kumar Chakraborty, Acting Secretary, All-India Spinners' Association, Bengal Branch, in respect of the properties seized from the Bangla Bazar branch of the A.I.S.A. on October 11, 1942.

The seized properties included Khadi, yarn, spinning and weaving implements, office furniture, some cash and certain alleged prejudicial leaflets.

The Bangla Bazar branch of the A.I.S.A. was declared unlawful on January 6, 1943, and the articles seized previously were listed airesh.

On January 29, 1944, Mr. Chakraborty on behalf of the Board of Trustees of the A.I.S.A. put in a claim in respect of the properties seized before the District Magistrate, Dacca.

It was stated that the properties seized belonged to and vested in the Board of Trustees of the A.I.S.A. which had its office at Sewagram and which had not been declared an unlawful association. It was further contended that those articles had not been used and were not likely to be used for the purpose of an unlawful association.

Mr. F. O. Bell, District Magistrate, however, held that the seized articles might be used for the purpose of an unlawful association, viz., Bangala Bazar Branch of the A.I.S.A. He rejected Mr. Chakraborty's representation and forwarded it together with his decision to the District Judge for adjudication.

The District Judge held that among the articles seized only the pamphlets were articles which were or might be used for the purpose of an unlawful association. "All other articles belong to and are vested in the Board of Trustees of the A.I.S.A. and are not articles which are or may be used for the purpose of an unlawful association," the Judge added.—A.P.

GHULAM HUSSAIN'S ENVOY TO JINNAH

Trouble Likely Over Moula Bux's Refusal To Join League

KARACHI, March 1

It is understood that Sir Ghulam Hussain is sending Mr. Mahomed Haroon, brother of Mr. Yusuf Haroon, Mayor of Karachi, to Bombay as his personal representative to place his case regarding the Sind Ministry before Mr. M. A. Jinnah. Mr. Mahomed Haroon is leaving for Bombay to-morrow, and will, it is believed, explain to Mr. Jinnah how the adverse vote was passed in the Sind Assembly by a combination of the Independent Muslims, the Hindu Opposition and the Syed Group, and how the crisis was tided over by taking Khan Bahadur Haji Moula Bux, an Independent, into the Ministry.

Ministerial circles point out that although Sir Ghulam Hussain has weathered the storm for the time being, all is not necessarily smooth sailing for him yet. The fact that the new minister refuses to join the League may, they feel, lead to trouble with the League High Command.

Meanwhile, Mr. G. M. Syed is reported to have sent to Mr. Jinnah a memorandum explaining the whole position in reply to the latter's stern telegram of yesterday refusing to give Mr. Syed any further advice. Although Mr. Syed refrained from making any comment on the telegram, Mr. Gazdar, who is now in the Opposition, described it as "unfortunate".

Both sides are re-mustering their strength for March 12, when the Assembly will meet again. It is stated that the Ministry is likely to regard a restoration of the supplementary demand by reversing the previous vote as tantamount to a vote of confidence.—A.P.

Hindu Minister Challenges G. M. Syed

KARACHI, Feb. 28: Dr. Hemandas Wadhwani, Public Health Minister, in a statement challenges the claim made by Mr. G. M. Syed, President of the Sind Provincial Muslim League, that the Hindus are solidly behind him and says that five out of the twelve Hindus are with the Hidayatullah Ministry. He said that these five Hindu members voted with the Ministry against the one-rupee cut motion of Sheikh Abdul Majid and that more Hindu members would have voted with the Ministry in other divisions.

The Doctor concludes that the Ministerial benches have scrupulously refrained from adopting questionable tactics for a few votes as has been done by the opposition.—A.P.

1,000 German Warships Sunk Since War Began

LONDON, Mar. 1.

At least 1,000 enemy warships, supplyships and small coastal craft have been sunk or damaged by British mines since the outbreak of the war, the Admiralty announced. More than 60 per cent of these casualties are probably due to mines laid by the R. A. F.—Reuter.

GANDHIJI WANTS FUSION OF HINDI AND URDU

Pyarelal Sends Correction To Incomplete Messages Appearing In Press

WARDHA, March 1.

Mr. Pyarelal, Mahatma Gandhi's Secretary, in a statement to the press says:—

"Sometime back Gandhiji received an invitation on behalf of Anjamane-e Taraqqi-e-Urdu, Bombay, to attend its first conference which was to be held under the presidentship of Dr Abdul Haq Saheb on February 23, 24 and 25th, failing that he was asked to send a message.

Gandhiji replied to it in an Urdu letter regretting his inability to attend the conference, but he sent a message. As the translation of it has appeared in the press in an incomplete form, I am herewith releasing the full text of the translation for publication:—

'I have received your letter. I cannot come to the Anjamane-e Taraqqi-e-Urdu. I am no longer an advocate of either Urdu or Hindi alone. I want both to flourish BUT I ALSO WANT THEM TO FUSE INTO ONE. I hope you have understood my meaning'.

"The part in bold type above is missing in the translation already published in the press".—United Press.

Prices Of Tiles

In response to representations from tile merchants in Bombay Suburban District and Thana Mahal, the Government of Bombay has sanctioned a small increase in the retail selling prices of tiles in these localities from March 1.

Surplus For Punjab

Peasants' Welfare Fund Stands Over 2 Crores

LAHORE, March 1.

A net surplus of Rs. 139 lakhs at the close of the current year was estimated in the Budget of the Punjab Government for 1945-46 presented by Sir Manoharlal, Finance Minister, in the Punjab Assembly to-day.

Referring to the Special Development Fund, the Finance Minister said that the Fund which was created in 1937-38 with Rs. 55 lakhs now totalled about Rs. 2 crores. The Peasants' Welfare Fund now stood, he said, at over Rs. 2 crores, the general object being amelioration of the conditions in the countryside and securing a reasonable and just terms to the grower in marketing his products.—United Press.

British Servicemen In India Unhappy About Deadlock

Letter To "Times" Urges Solution On Lines Suggested By Zafrullah Khan

LONDON, March 1

Sir Frederick Whyte and Mr. Ralph A. Wilson, former Chief Secretary to the Central Provinces Government, in a joint letter to "The Times" today say that too little attention had been given to the suggestions made by Sir Zafrullah Khan at the dinner of the British Commonwealth Conference on February 19 for a settlement of the Indian problem.

The writers urge that some positive action is called for, and add: "Many thoughtful Indians share the view implied by Sir Muhammad Zafrulla Khan that we shall sooner or later have to cut the Gordian Knot and some Englishmen, at least who have knowledge of India, agree with them in this.

"There is reason to believe too that Englishmen serving in the Army in India are unhappy about the continuance of the present deadlock. British ministers were present when Sir Zafrullah Khan spoke. Is it too much to hope for that they may have caught his drift and be prepared to resolve the deadlock in the manner suggested?"—Reuter.

UNANIMOUS VOTE OF CONFIDENCE IN CHURCHILL'S GOVERNMENT

(Continued from page 1)

East require coordination. At present the Middle East is dealt with by the India, Colonial and Foreign Offices not to speak of many other departments such as the Ministry of War Transport.

As a result, our policy has greatly suffered. The Middle East is so important to us that it ought to be represented by a Minister of Cabinet Rank whose duty it would be to coordinate our policy for the whole area. I look on such a step as vital to the prosperity and indeed safety of the Empire. We cannot go on organising our relations towards so important a part of the world in a series of more or less water tight compartments.

We have a great opportunity in the Middle East—greater than ever before. Our stock has never been so high. Interest, duty and honour alike enjoin on us to take advantage of the position which we cannot abandon without breaking faith with a people who trust us and who are themselves the soul of honour."

DEPUTY PREMIER SPEAKS

Mr. C. R. Attlee, Deputy Prime Minister, Leader of the Labour Party and one of the British delegates to the San Francisco Conference, interviewing in the debate said "I believe that at San Francisco we shall be taking part in a Conference that may well determine the whole future of mankind for Centuries (Cheers).

Mr. Attlee said that it was perfectly useless for Mr. McGovern to talk as if there were masses of German workers all pining to get back to democracy and so on. "It is not true. The young people of the German nation have been deliberately perverted by the Nazis and anyone who has care of the young will know it is very difficult to repair that. We cannot afford to run risks. We have got to be quite sure that Germany is not only beaten but knows it is beaten and that Germany is prevented from rearming and being a menace again". (Cheers). "We hold out the hope to the German people that in time they will regain the position they have lost but they will have to look very closely to see that that change of heart is lasting".

Mr. Attlee concluded 'I would like to regard the acceptance by this House of this motion as a step in the achievement of unity of policy in Foreign Affairs and defence and unity of purpose common to all major political parties in this country; and the policy of world organisation for peace and co-operation in the activities of peace and a purpose and resolve by all of us not to give lip service only but to accept whole heartedly the obligations this policy entails".

"PREPOSTEROUS PRINCIPLE"

Mr. K. W. M. Pickthorn (Conservative) said that he was astounded that Mr. Attlee should have avowed the principle that the problems of Eastern Europe should be settled without any reference to the past. Attempts to do that in the past had produced nothing but extreme disaster.

Never in history had anyone occupying so elevated a position as Mr. Attlee avowed that preposterous principle.

FOREIGN SECRETARY'S REPLY

Mr. Anthony Eden, Foreign Secretary, replying to the debate in the Commons on the Crimea Conference to-day announced that there would be a meeting of British Commonwealth representatives in London before the San Francisco Conference.

The text of his reference to this subject reads "I would like to begin by giving the House some information about the work we hope to do at San Francisco or rather about the preliminary stage in that work as a result of exchanges between His Majesty's Government in this country and His Majesty's Government in the Dominions.

"It has been agreed that there should be a preliminary meeting here between representatives of the British Commonwealth in London in advance of the San Francisco Conference. (Cheers).

"I know that not only His Majesty's Government but every section of the House will warmly welcome that decision.

"Sir Arthur Salter has emphasised how valuable and desirable it is we should have these exchanges with our friends in the Dominions and we are all of us in agreement with him and it is a very happy fact that we can now be sure of consultation and discussion before we all go to this meeting.

"For my part, I have very vivid recollection of the valuable meeting of these Prime Ministers here in London. It was for me as the Foreign Secretary, the most stimulating experience to hear these men, who are intimately informed at every stage of all information we possess and to get their reaction and advice. I also agree cordially with Mr. Curtin, Prime Minister of the Commonwealth of Australia, about the conversation in London which he called very aptly a family discussion."

Mr. Eden said that economic as well as political problems would be discussed at San Francisco. Mr. Eden then gave a warning to Austria.

Austria could not be placed on an equal footing with Liberated Territory or Allied Territory but on the other hand in the final settlement, account must be taken of Austria's own contribution, if any, to overthrow the Nazi Regime.

"Perhaps I may take this opportunity to remind the Austrian people that time is running short."

It remained with the British Government to see a free and independent Austria.—Reuter.

CLOTH FROM DEAD BODIES SOLD IN CALCUTTA MARKET!

Corporation Discusses Acute Sartorial And Residential Shortage

CALCUTTA, Feb. 28.

The Calcutta Corporation this evening adopted a resolution expressing alarm at the acute congestion in the city due to a great influx of outside people and requesting Government to afford facilities for the construction of masonry buildings and huts.

Making a reference to the "acute" cloth shortage in the city and mofussil Mr. H. K. Ganguly said that people were not getting any cloth in the open market while there were tons of cloth in the black market, which, he said, was flourishing in every field of textiles. He recommended Government to introduce rationing or some such measure to mitigate the situation.

Mr. Ganguly added that cloth from bodies taken to the burning ghat was being sold in the market straight away. In the interest of the health of the city such practices should be stopped, he said.

The Mayor said that the Chief Executive Officer would take action in the matter.

The Corporation sanctioned the maintenance of 120 extra small-pox beds at the Campbell Hospital at their cost.—A.P.

Allies Capture 5 Burma Villages

ADV. HQ. ALF SEA, March 1: Today's SEAC Communique says:

FOURTEENTH ARMY: In the Singu bridgehead area (40 miles north of Mandalay) our troops pushing south and east have captured five villages.

Positions in the Myinmu bridgehead (29 miles west of Mandalay) were attacked by the enemy three times during the night of February 26/27. Artillery fire preceded the attacks, all of which were repulsed.

FIFTEENTH INDIAN CORPS: West African troops are approaching Dalet (60 miles E-S-E of Akyab) against stiffening enemy resistance.

Japanese artillery shelled our positions at Ru-Ywa (approximately 66 miles north-west of Taungup).

NORTHERN COMBAT AREA: Japanese resistance on the Burma Road broke yesterday and Chinese First Army troops are pursuing the enemy southwards. Leading elements are now 19 miles from Lashio on the road and on the Axis of the road.

On the Namtu-Hsipaw road Chinese troops moving north from their road block have met the force advancing south. A small Japanese pocket remains between the road and the Namtu river to the west.

South of Myitson (30 miles north of Mogok) in the sector of the British 36th Division there were patrol clashes.

Heavy bombers of Eastern Air Command yesterday attacked the railway junction at Korat in Siam, 140 miles north-east of Bangkok. Much rolling stock was in the yards and there were many explosions among the wagons.

Another force of Allied heavy bombers, with an escort of fighters attacked the airfield at Mingaladon, near Rangoon, scoring many hits with fragmentation bombs.

Last night heavy bombers destroyed a bridge 45 miles north of Bangkok on the line to Chiengmai.

EDEN'S CRYPTIC REPLY

LONDON, March 1.: Mr. Eden told the House of Commons in reply to a question that the name of Count Grandi former Italian Ambassador in London, had not been submitted to the War Crimes Committee.

PATROL ACTIVITY IN ITALY

Allied Mediterranean, Hq. Mar. 1: Although land fighting on the Italian front was again confined to patrolling, the MAAF maintained its air activity flying over 1,900 sorties yesterday, says the Allied communique. Road and rail targets along the entire Brenner route in Austria and in Northern Italy were attacked with good results.

Need For Stricter Control On Civil Expenditure

Indian "Big Business" Angry At Raisman's Last Budget

(From Our Correspondent).

NEW DELHI, March 1.

Sir Jeremy Raisman's last budget has a mixed reception in New Delhi. Though impartial observers welcome the distinction made by the Finance Member between earned and unearned income, giving some overdue relief to those of the former category, "Indian Big Business" is angry that higher incomes have been taxed again.

Sir Jeremy's reference to the State-ownership of expanding industries is likewise resented by this class.

Apropos of this, the "Hindustan Times" writing editorially says: "We find that the Finance Member has gone out of his way to make suggestions about post-war taxation and also throws some ominous hints about State ownership for the operation of industry. The future Government does not stand in need of such gratuitous advice."

On the contrary, as claimed by others, the Finance Member's advice is essentially sound when he says that non-agricultural income in post-war India would not go on playing an overwhelming part in the scheme of national finances. His advice for practical purposes means that even on the basis of the present constitution Provinces have means—sales tax, agricultural income-tax—which are capable of expansion and of financing post-war development schemes.

Looking back to his six years' stewardship I may add that Defence expenditure has mounted up from 45 crores 18 lakhs in 1939/40 to 394 crores 23 lakhs in 1945-46 an increase of 349 crores 5 lakhs. Civil expenditure similarly has gone up from 37 crores 47 lakhs to 123 crores 40 lakhs—an increase of 85 crores 93 lakhs.

CONTROL ON CIVIL SIDE NEEDED

It is generally felt that the financial control particularly over the civil side has considerably laxed. The Department will continue to expand at an unprecedented scale and committees and conferences have become a fashion of the day. Meetings of these committees are often held in provincial towns, adding to the taxpayer's burden. The craze of Information officers accompanying members and their secretaries and even joint secretaries has been on the increase, notwithstanding the establishment of provincial offices of the Bureau of Information. An Information officer has recently been appointed to look after the comforts particularly of visiting journalists. Huge sums of money are without purpose being spent on the "Travel Less" and the "Grow More Food" campaigns. Some Government members are constantly on tour and are likely to indulge in this hobby more if their proposal to give them a travelling allowance of Rs. 50 daily is accepted by the Secretary of State.

Notwithstanding the demand by the Assembly, the Finance Member has so far refused to set up a Retrenchment Committee. Such a demand can be made again in this session.

The opinion expressed here is that the Legislature may be prepared to sanction money for the legitimate needs of Government, but they do object to waste as disclosed by the Auditor-General.

Lobby talks indicate that the Opposition will make an attempt to throw out the Estate Duties Bill at the introduction stage.

"HOSPITAL DAY"

Bombay Public To Have Opportunity To View Hospital Staff At Work

The Honorary General Secretary, Grant Medical College and J. J. Group of Hospitals Committee, writes:—

The staff and the students of Grant Medical College and J. J. Group of Hospitals have decided to hold "Hospital Day" on Sunday, the 4th March, 1945, from 2 p.m. to 7 p.m., with a view to popularise the hospitals amongst the public of Bombay, particularly the poorer classes for whom they are primarily intended. The celebration of such a day will go a long way towards rendering the public hospital-minded whereby they may be induced to avail themselves of hospital facilities much earlier in sickness and disease than they do at present. The public will at the same time get opportunity to see for themselves the scientific basis on which hospitals are working.

On this day the doors of the hospitals and college will be flung open to everybody in the City of Bombay. More than 20 departments will be specially prepared for the occasion. Posters, playcards, models, labelling in different languages and explanations will be provided wherever necessary. These departments will present the normal and abnormal phases of human life.

All the structures of body, viz., heart, lungs, stomach, intestine, liver, spleen, brain, kidneys, uterus, blood vessels, nerves, muscles, etc., with their normal positions and the functional importance in the body will be shown. Some sections will be dealing with the mode of spread, early signs and symptoms, broad principles of prevention and treatment of common diseases like, Malaria, Anaemia, Typhoid, Tuberculosis, Dysentery, Plague, Cholera, Cancer, etc. Great pains are being taken to prepare these sections in such a way that public can grasp their fundamentals easily. Sections dealing with antenatal care, child welfare and common diseases of women and children will be found, it is hoped, quite interesting and instructive.

Modern instruments and appliances like screening and a X-Ray plant, electro-cardiograph, iron lungs, blood transfusion apparatus, pneumothorax apparatus, latest instruments used in various operations, etc., which are of so great value in diagnosing and treating the complicating cases will be displayed and the actual working of most of them will be demonstrated. The venereal diseases section is expected to go a long way towards impressing on the people the importance of preventive and early curative measures of these diseases which are spreading more and more throughout India in present days.

The public will be allowed to witness the emergency operations, if any, from the galleries. Special films dealing with operations, venereal diseases, etc., will be shown free of charge.

Neither funds of any sort will be collected on this day nor entrance fee will be taken.

The numbers of the public will be able to realise the nature of the work that this hospital consisting of more than 2,000 persons including doctors, medical students, nursing staff, ward-boys, etc., has been doing for last 100 years.

New Landing In Philippines

Tokyo Says Americans Have Invaded Palawan

NEW YORK, March 1: A Tokyo radio announcement heard here states that American troops have landed in Palawan island, in the Philippines to-day.

A violent battle is in progress, the report added.

ALLIED PLANES RAID RYUKYU ISLANDS

LONDON, March 1: The Japanese Imperial Headquarters to-day announced that a large number of carrier planes opened an attack on Ryukyu islands at 7-30 this morning.

Ryukyu islands lie in the form of stepping stones from the northern end of Formosa to the Japanese homeland.

NEW TOTALITARIAN PARTY IN JAPAN

LONDON, March 1: The Japanese News Agency to-day reported that Admiral Seizo Kobayashi, Minister without portfolio, who resigned from the Cabinet yesterday, announced to-day that he would lead a movement for the formation of a new totalitarian party to guide the nation's war effort.

Reuter adds that Kobayashi President of the Political Association for Assistance of the Imperial Rule, was appointed Minister without portfolio in December 1944.

Later an official Tokyo statement issued by the Japanese News Agency said, "The new political party to be organised by Admiral Kobayashi will replace the Imperial Rule Assistance Political Association.—Reuter.

'THE INVISIBLE MAN' AT EROS

'Tarzan' At Metro: 'Wilson' Continues At Regal

H. G. Wells' "The Invisible Man" is brought to the screen again by Universal in a fast-moving and action-laden screen hit "The Invisible Man's Revenge" showing at Eros this week. Surpassing all of its popular predecessors in the series of the "Invisible Man" is this new offering which has a well-knit story which provides ample room for action and adventure.

Jon Hall leads the cast which includes Leon Errol, Alan Curtis, John Carradine, Evelyn Ankers, Gale Sondergaard besides many others. Jon Hall returns from Africa to England after five years as an amnesia victim. Believing that a titled British couple had swindled him out of his share of a diamond field, he submits to invisibility experiments by an eminent scientist so that he can take revenge on the couple. Rendered invisible by the doctor the 'invisible man' haunts the couple in order to receive his legitimate share of the discovery as well as to marry their daughter.

"TARZAN FINDS A SON"

Bringing with them a "Tarzan Jr." Johnny Weissmuller and Maureen O'Sullivan come to Metro in "Tarzan Finds A Son" famous jungle adventure romance based on the Edgar Rice Burroughs characters.

In the new story they find a wrecked plane in the jungle, and rear the baby which is the only survivor. The role is played by five year old Johnny Sheffield, America's most amazing boy athlete, who played the child in "On Borrowed Time" on the New York Stage. A safari reaches the jungle man and his mate, seeking traces of the plane, and the child becomes the centre of a plot over a legacy due him. Tarzan refuses to give the boy up and Miss Sullivan is forced to trick her mate to send him back to civilization. A native tribe captures the party. Weissmuller rides to the rescue with an army of apes mounted on elephants, and a dramatic twist works out the problem.

"WOMAN IN THE WINDOW"

An unexpected crisis in the lives of a quiet professor and a beautiful woman is strikingly developed in "The Woman In The Window" International Pictures' newest offering for RKO Radio release.

Starring Edward G. Robinson and Joan Bennett, the film story vividly recounts the dramatic experiences of a psychologist who is forced to kill a man in self defense, but under circumstances which would inevitably wreck his career and drag down his feminine partner if the authorities should ever find out about it.

"The Adventures Of Mark Twain" Friday 9-30 a.m. at Excelsior.

"WILSON" STAYS AT REGAL

"Wilson", the magnificent biographical of President Wilson by Darryl F. Zanuck continues for another week at Regal. "Up In Mabel's Room" is also continued for another week at Excelsior.

20th Century-Fox's thrilling adventure of five famous brother-heroes "The Sullivans" is at Aurora.

A musical screen treat is "Show Business", which is at Palace this week, with Eddie Cantor, George Murphy and Nancy Kelly in the stellar roles.

Kasturbhai Lalbhai's New Post

NEW DELHI, March 1.

The Government of India have accordingly decided to nominate Mr. Kasturbhai Lalbhai, a prominent mill-owner and a non-official member of the Textile Control Board, Bombay, to represent them on the Textile Committee of the C. P. R. B. at Washington. Mr. Kasturbhai Lalbhai is expected to leave for America in the near future.—A. P.

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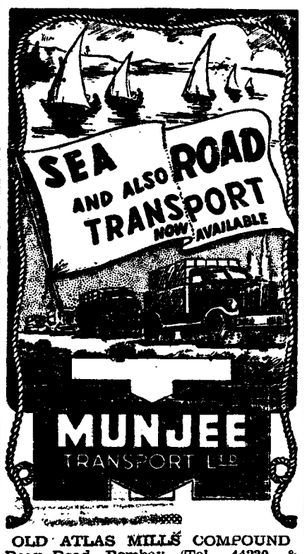

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Monty's Strategy Confuses Nazis

CANADIANS AND BRITISHERS POISED TO STRIKE CRUSHING BLOW

SHAEF, Paris Feb. 28.

Although the Ninth Army security blackout of news is still in force, it was said at SHAEF tonight that the attack is progressing and that prospects are still healthily optimistic.

There was no reason to believe that the recent sensational pace of the Ninth Army's attack had abated, it was stated.

Germans Confused

The Germans, according to Reuter's Military Correspondent, are clearly puzzled by Field Marshal Montgomery's strategy and are possibly speculating on whether the British Second Army last reported to be holding a stretch of the Maas and the Roer as far down as Heinsberg would not suddenly appear on some other part of the front.

The Canadian army at the northern end of the front is still fighting its way against stiff resistance through the Hochwald Forest Sector of the Siegfried Defences. Near Goch however, the Canadians have difficulty in keeping up with the withdrawing German forces.

Beyond Uedem: British and Canadian troops stand ready with one of the greatest striking forces since Normandy to exploit whatever breakthrough can be achieved in the next 48 hours, reported Reuter's Special Correspondent to-night.

In the southern sector of the front Bitburg, and important cross roads junction fell to United States Third Army troops today. German reports said that Bitburg had been bypassed on both north and south.

Germans Crowded In Narrow Corridor

Allied Fighter Bombers to-day hammered and disorganised Germans in Muenchen-Gladbach area although security blackout conceals the extent of the great armoured sweep says Reuter's Special Correspondent at S.H.A.E.F.

Canadian troops are keeping up heavy pressure against stiff resistance in Calcar-Uedem sector. They are crowding the Germans slowly south in the narrow Corridor between the Rhine and the Maas.

The western part of Hochwald forest is being fircely defended by the 116th Panzer division.—

German Morale Weakens

LONDON, Feb. 28: A significant change has occurred on the Western Front, United Press of America front line correspondents reported to-day.

It appears that militarily the overwhelming material superiority of the Allies is making itself felt in an increasingly crushing degree now when the staggered Siegfried defences have virtually been overcome at many points along the front.

Along with the Ninth United States Army, the advance at the front has been assuming the nature of a war movement which reporters at the front compare in some ways to the Normandy break-through.

The change in the military picture, however, is not only the one. What is more important is that there are growing signs that Germany is beginning to see that dying for Hitler won't save Germany, resulting in an increasing rate of surrenders in the past few days by German rank and file.

Mrs. Churchill To Visit Russia

LONDON Feb. 28.

Mrs. Winston Churchill has accepted an invitation from the Soviet Government and the Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies of the Soviet Union to visit Russia. She has arranged to go early in spring. Mrs. Churchill is Chairman of Britain's Aid to Russia fund.—Reuter.

Yanks Hold More Than Half Of Iwojima

Over 4,000 Japs Killed In Island So Far

GUAM, Feb. 28: American forces gained several hundred yards all along the line in Iwojima on Wednesday and overran the island's main town of Motoyama, Admiral Chester Nimitz announced to-night.

More than half of Iwojima is now held by American forces on this the tenth day of the invasion. Japanese resistance continues to be fierce. Japanese dead counted total 4,784.

MANILA, Feb. 28: General MacArthur announced that the destruction of the Japanese trapped on Corregidor has virtually been completed.

He disclosed 3,038 American landing under fire defeated approximately 6,000 Japanese. A total of 4,295 Japanese bodies have been counted on Corregidor. American casualties were comparatively light.

C.C.I.'s Innings Victory Over Nayudu Eleven

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Nayudu Golden Jubilee Match concluded within 25 minutes of the game to-day, the C.C.I. winning by an innings and sixteen runs. The stalwarts of the Nayudu team failed in this second venture to wipe off the deficit, and their side which was composed of such prolific run-getters as Modi, C. K. C. S. and Jagdale, was dismissed for a paltry addition of 25 to the overnight total of 216.

There being very little interest left in the match, attendance at the Stadium on the fourth day was negligible.

On the resumption of the game on Thursday Mody and C. S. the overnight not-outs faced the attack from Hazare and Hafeez. 220 were signalled in the very first over. But thereafter Hafeez who came to bowl from the pavilion side cast a deadly spell. In his very first over he successfully appealed for l.b.w. against C. S. Nayudu (221—7—23), and followed this up by getting Mody caught by Anwar Husein at the short leg when only eleven were added to the total (232—8—34).

Jagdale then partnered C. K. Nayudu, and Hafeez in his third over had his third victim of the day in the latter whom he clean-bowled with a shooter when the total had advanced by nine.

Rangachari brought up the rear, and Hazare finished off the job by dismissing Jagdale clean-bowled, before the total could move any further.

The C.C.I. thus won by an innings and 16 runs.

C.C.I. 1ST INNINGS 654.
NAYUDU TEAM 1ST INNINGS 397.
NAYUDU TEAM 2ND INNINGS.

R. S. Nimbalkar b Hazare	1
K. Bhandarkar c Maka b Hafeez	14
Mushtaq Ali b Anwar Husein	1
D. Compton c Anwar Husein b Amir Elahi	100
C. T. Sarwate b Abdul Hafeez	26
Gul Mohmed c Kishenchand b Deodhar	28
Rusi Modi c Anwar Husein b Hafeez	34
C. S. Nayudu l.b.w. b Hafeez	23
C. K. Nayudu b Hafeez	9
Jagdale b Hazare	3
Rangachari not out	0
Extras	2
Total	241

FALL OF WICKETS: 1/2; 2/5; 3/39; 4/77; 5/147; 6/185; 7/221; 8/232; 9/241; 10/241.

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Hazare	9.1	1	21	2
Anwar Husein	9	1	35	1
Abdul Hafeez	14	2	58	5
M. Balooch	5	0	23	0
Kishenchand	4	0	21	0
D. B. Deodhar	7	0	45	1
Amir Elahi	6	0	36	1

Reception To C. K. Nayudu

Cosmopolitan Gathering Honours India's Foremost Cricketer

A rousing reception was accorded to Lt.-Col. C. K. Nayudu, the veteran Indian cricketer, at a function organized by the P. V. M. Hindu Gymkhana in celebration of his golden jubilee at Sunderabai Hall on Thursday evening. The hall was packed to capacity with a cosmopolitan sporting audience including several cricketers. Dr. P. Subbaroyan, President of the Board of Control for Cricket in India, was in the chair. A gold bat, as a gift by Ruia Bros. was presented to Col. Nayudu on the occasion.

Dr. Subbaroyan in the course of his remarks observed that Col. Nayudu had always delighted the crowds, particularly in Madras, and had once the honour of being one of the five great cricketers of the world. He was besides a great sportsman.

Referring to Indian cricket, Dr. Subbaroyan stated that what they wanted to produce was a strong All-India side which might bring glory to India and not individual cricketers. He hoped Col. Nayudu would help in building up such a strong All-India team.

STATUS RAISED

Mr. Nagindas T. Master, the Mayor of Bombay, speaking next said that Col. Nayudu had raised the status of India in the world in the field of cricket. He stood out in the world of cricket by his height as well as by his smartness in handling the bat. He remembered having witnessed Nayudu hitting as many as eleven sixers, and that too against first-class bowlers in a match against an English Test team which visited India in 1926. He hoped that the band of cricketers that he had created around him would do honour to India.

Mr. Abu Jasdanwala associated himself with the tributes paid to Col. Nayudu.

Mr. Sherfudde observed that though Col. Nayudu had moved in the richest society he had never allowed himself to be polluted by the vices of the rich.

Mr. V. M. Merchant said that Col. Nayudu's long and glorious cricket career was a source of perennial inspiration to the rising generations.

Mr. J. C. Maitra stated that it was Col. Nayudu who had popularised cricket in the country. He further characterised Nayudu as an "indigenous cricketer" inasmuch as he had his cricket grounding in India and not abroad like other big Indian cricketers. Concluding, the speaker lauded Col. Nayudu's sense of discipline and exhorted cricket aspirants to emulate his example.

Mr. Dongre characterised Col. Nayudu as "a magnificent personality in the field of cricket."

Denis Compton, the veteran County Cricketer, also associated himself with the tributes to Col. Nayudu and said that his game was highly admired by the English crowds when he was in England.

NAYUDU'S REPLY

Col. Nayudu in a fitting reply thanked all present for the honour done to him. He said that he owed his early love for cricket to his father who had stayed at Cambridge with the late Ranji for over seven years. He recalled how in his childhood he used to go about with a book in one hand and a bat in another. His cricket career started at the age of 16 when he was brought to Bombay by one Mr. Milne.

Col. Nayudu further praised the Bombay crowd for their high sense of sportsmanship. He said that Bombay was one of the greatest centres of cricket, where the crowd was well up with the game and always cheered a good shot.

Concluding, the speaker recalled his pleasant association with Bombay cricketers particularly with the late Luxmidas Rowjee Tairsee who in his usual joviality always advised him to hit hard whenever he hit a sixer.

BOMBAY PRARTHANA SAMAJ

The Bombay Prarthana Samaj will celebrate the 76th Anniversary of its foundation on the Papavimochani Ekadashi which falls on Saturday, March 10. The Anniversary Celebrations will commence on Saturday, March 3.

Dr. Kashibai, Nowrange will conduct opening Divine Service tomorrow (Saturday) at 6 p.m.

Vishinsky In Bucharest

LONDON, Feb. 28.

M. Vishinsky, one of the Soviet Foreign Commissars, arrived in Bucharest to-day, according to the Moscow radio.

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GRADIDGES for GOLF and CRICKET
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that owing to quota and other restrictions stocks of Angier's Emulsion are far short of satisfying medical and public demand.

We feel sure that our patrons realise fully that we are doing our utmost to keep the market supplied, but owing to wartime conditions we fear that distribution at times will be limited.

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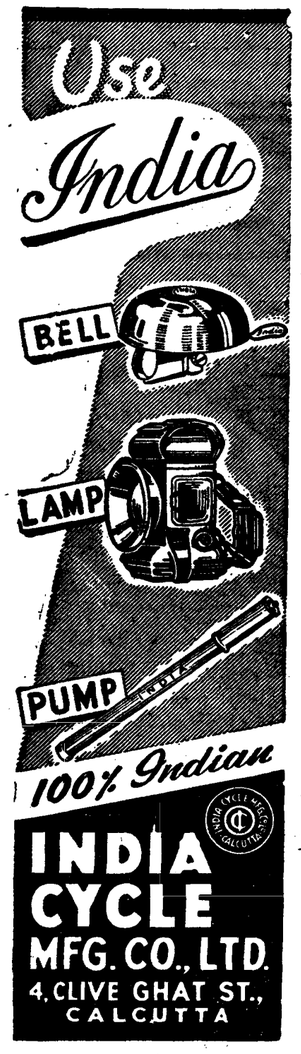

Price Fixing On N. Y. Cotton Exchange

NEW YORK, Feb. 28.

Prices early sagged reflecting the failure of the expected increased mid-February parity price to materialise, while the exceedingly good war news was additional bearish factor. The market later steadied on increased price-fixing with evidences of increasing attention to the backwardness of new crop preparations and small acreage ideas and farm labour shortages. Trade buying absorbed limited offerings and the market closed steady. March opened at 22.15 and advanced to 22.20. The session closed at a net gain of 1 to 5 points. Spot Cotton price improved one point at 22.43 c. per lb.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Feb. 28.

March	22.19+05
May	22.09+04
July	21.78+01
October	21.17+02
December	21.09+01
January	21.03+01
March highest (11-34 a.m.)	22.20+06
March lowest (10-17 a.m.)	22.15+01
Middling Spot	22.43+01

NEW YORK COTTON, NOON CALL

March	22.19
May	22.08
July	21.77

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

March	21.96—
May	22.05+02
July	21.78+02
Middling Spot	21.55+05

CALICUT QUOTATIONS.

CALICUT, March 1.

Cocoanut Raw 87/8 Dry 75 Cocoanut Oil 360, Copra Office 202/8, Dilpasand 210, Madrasanotiam 225 Good gooda 227/8, Pepper Wynaad 365, Country 355, Dry Ginger Chernad 260, Ernad 250, Coffee Robusta 85.

LONDON BULLION.

London, Feb. 28.

Spot 25-1/2, Forward 25-1/2. Gold Bars Fine per oz. £8/8/0.

LONDON WHEAT.

London, Feb. 25.

Wheat, Rozario Santa Fe (New Crop) 41/6 March quoted.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, Feb. 28.

Rupee Paper 3-1/2 p c £72-1/2, Consols 2-1/2 p c £83 Conversion Loan 3-1/2 p c 1961 £105-5/8, War Loan 3-1/2 p c £104-15/16, Funding Loan 4 p c 1960/90 £115, Victory Bonds 4 p c £113-3/8, Chartered Bank of I A & China £10-3/4, Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Reg.) £88, National Bank of India £43-1/2

COTTON PARITY.

Indian Cotton March Contract is 504 cent points below New York March at Exchange rate 331.

Impressive Buying In Share Bazar

BULLION MARKET STEADY

Professional Support Improves Cotton Prices

BOMBAY, March 1.

As anticipated the local Stock Exchange took a constructive view of the Central Budget and with renewed buying and short covering the market displayed cheerful tone. The buying was of an impressive nature and some realising sales were easily observed and the upward move was fully maintained with indications of a further rise in future. The dividend of Rs. 50/- on Bombay Dyeing Shares was an additional stimulating factor as a result of day's trading. Tata Steel Dfds. gained Rs. 60/- Ordinary Rs. 10/- Bombay Dyeing Rs. 55/- and Kohinoors Rs. 13/-.

The Bullion Market was also steady with a moderate activity.

Despite tenders of 22,000 Rates against March contract the local cotton market ruled very steady with professional support.

The Central Budget removed all fears and inspired confidence to-day and the local stock Exchange displayed cheerful tone. The dividend on Bombay Dyeings was reported Rs. 50 which was construed favourably and helped the upward move. Tata Steel Defd. Shares opened to-day at Rs 2240 and reacted to Rs. 2225 on selling by a professional operator. Ordinary Shares opened at Rs. 413 and after declining to Rs 409 improved to Rs 412. Bombay Dyeing Shares opened at Rs 1850 and after declining to Rs. 1835 advanced to Rs. 1865 on increased buying. Kohinoor Mill Shares opened at Rs. 632 and steadied at Rs. 630.

The market remained firm throughout the session with increased demand and offerings were well absorbed. The upward trend of quotations was maintained and Dfds. again improved to Rs. 2240 and steadied at Rs. 2235. Ordinary Shares were quoted at Rs. 414 towards close and Bombay Dyeings improved further to Rs. 1870. Kohinoors stood at Rs. 632 and tone was very steady.

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES

MILLS

Ahmedabad Advance 425
Apollo 4/4 4/4/8 4/8/9 4/4
Bharat 61/12
B. Dyeing 1855 41/4 45 37/8 41/4 38/ 12 55 51/4 60 55 62/8 56/4 65 56/4 75 66/4 77/8 72/8
Bradbury (Ord) 365
Central India (Ord) 395 95/8 96/8 94/8 98 96 99/8 98 405
Century 940 50
Colaba 227 24 26/8 25/8 26
Edward Textile 815 20 5 10
Elphinstone (Ord) 89 91 90/8
Elphinstone (Pref) 126/4
Finlay 313 16/8 13 14 12/8 15 14 15 14 15/6 13/8 15
Gokak 308 7 8 5 8/8
India United Defd 3/4 3/3/6
India United Ordy 15/10 15/6/6 15/8 15/6/6 15/6
Indore 717/8 30 7/8 18/12 12/8 17/8 15 17/8
Kohinoor 633 30 25 27 24 30 25 29 26 31 29 35 33
Madhusudan 435
Meyer 221/4 23/2 20 22/8 21/14
Minerwa 252/8 55
Model 256/4 52/12 56/14
Morarjee 685 96/12
New City 397/8
New Great 408 2 8 399 406 6/8 8 7 8
Podar 332/8
Simplex 280 81 76 80 76/8 80/8 78 79/8 78 79/8
Swadeshi 565 59 61 55 61 59 64 62 65
Swan 330 32 31 35
Tata Mills 66/8 65/8 66/8
Central Provinces Rly 105/4

BANKS:

Baroda 142 42/8
Central 82 82/6
Imperial (Old) 1980
Imperial (New) 493/2
India 194/4
National Savings (P.P.) 39/12
Reserve 133/8
Union 9/8

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 217/8 18/12
Amalgamated (Ord) 18/4
Andhra Valley 1797/8 98 97/8
Andhra Valley (Pref) 1080
Tram (Ord) 148/8 49/8 49
Tram (Pref) 69/8
Tata Power (Ord) 1882/8 80 83/12
Tata Hydro (Ord) 203

INSURANCE

Empire 1322/8 25
Jupiter 35/4 35
New India 81 81/8 81/4
Bombay Steam 580
Scindia 34/14 35 34/11 34/15 34/14
Tata Steel Defd 2245 27/8 12 35 12/8 30 21/4 27/8 23/12 35 31/4 40
Tata Steel Ord 412 15 12 13 7 12/8 10/8 14/8 13 15/8 15
Tata Steel 2nd Pref 160/8 60/12 60/8

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 443/12 50
A. Cement 237 36 37 36/12
Belapur 227 28 25 27/8 26
Burmah (Old) 640
B. B. Petrol 5/8 5/8/8 5/8
I. I Trust 125 24/8
P. Construction (Ord) 222 20 22 21 22
P. Construction (1st Pref) 141
Tata Chemical 21/4
Tata Oil 71 72 71/8
New Union Mills 24/8
Coorla 223/2

Gold & Silver

The Reserve Bank of India sold today 300 bars Silver at Rs. 127/8 and 14,000 tolas Gold at Rs. 74/7.

In the local market forward Silver opened at Rs. 127/8 and advanced to Rs. 128/2 but later reacted to Rs. 127/2. Ready Silver was quoted at Rs. 128.

Forward Gold opened at Rs. 74/2 and advanced to Rs. 74/8 but eased off to Rs. 74/2 on long liquidation. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 74/10 and tone was steady.

Gold ruled firm on continued support from bulls. There was some short covering and tone was very steady. Closing quotations were as under:—

SILVER.

Ready	127	10	0
Settlement	127	8	0

GOLD.

Spot	74	13	0
Settlement	74	5	0
Sovereigns	50	8	0

Bombay Cotton

The local Cotton Market was fairly firm on increased demand for March. The market opened at Rs. 445/8 for March delivery and advanced to Rs. 449 under professional support and later steadied at Rs. 447/8. May delivery was quoted at Rs. 464.

22,000 bales were tended against March Contract and now the market is waiting the result of survey. The market was steady on modest professional support and closing quotations were as under:

I.C.C. March	447	4	0
I.C.C. May	454	0	0
I.C.C. July	464	12	0

BOMBAY PRODUCE.

The produce market was quietly steady with a limited business in Groundnuts and linseed while Castor-seeds remain neglected. Groundnuts Khandesh quality were quoted at Rs. 15/4 and Goa March-May delivery business was done at Rs. 14/12. Castor seeds Bombay ready stood at Rs. 15/9 while Goa March-May was quoted at Rs 15/10. Linseed C. P. and U. P. was quoted at Rs. 15/8/6. G. I. P. Stations at Rs. 15/7 and Nizam State at Rs. 15/6.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES.

	Hi.	Lo.	Close.
I.C.C. March	446	440/8	444/12
I.C.C. May	453	446/8	452
I.C.C. July	465	461	463/12
Karachi March	45/7/9	44/11	45/7

Air Blitz On Germany Continues

Americans Concentrating On Paralysing German Transport System

LONDON, Feb. 28.

To-night R. A. F. Mosquito squadrons bombed Berlin with 4,000-pounders for the ninth night running.

American heavy bombers in daylight to-day continued their campaign to paralyse the German transport system.

Eleven hundred Flying Fortresses and Liberators attacked marshalling yards and other rail and industrial targets in North-West Germany.

R. A. F. Lancasters again concentrated on Germany's oil weakness.

To-night the Americans officially described their raid to-day "as a move to isolate the industrial Ruhr".

France Accepts "Big 3" Invitation

LONDON, Feb. 28.

The Paris radio said that the French Cabinet at a meeting to-day, presided over by General De Gaulle, accepted the proposal of the British, United States and Soviet Governments that France should join these three Governments and China in issuing invitations to the San Francisco Conference in April. The Minister for Foreign Affairs, M. Bidault gave the Cabinet an account of his mission to London.—Reuter.

Brazilian Constitution Modified To Suit New World Conditions

RIO DE JANEIRO, Feb. 28.

President Vargas to-day signed a "Constitutional Act", modifying the Brazilian constitution which has been in force since November 1937, in order to allow elections to be held and to adapt the regime to new world conditions.—Reuter.

"Cable Ship" Provided Communications Over Irrawaddy

KYAUKMYAUNG BRIDGEHEAD, Feb. 25: The Army's idea of an armoured "Cable Ship" has just joined the craziest flotilla of miscellaneous craft Burma's greatest waterway, the Irrawaddy, has ever known. The "Cable Ship" is "H.M.S. Dagger", a water-jet propelled Bren gun carrier which has so little free board above water that she looks like a huge, almost submerged box.

"H.M.S. Dagger" came into being, writes an Indian Army Observer, so that armoured cable could be laid on the bottom of the half-mile wide Irrawaddy from a signal post on the western bank to battle-scarred Pear Hill, a vital position in our battle on the Mandalay side of the river.

Senior electrical and mechanical engineering officers took their ideas to Armament Sgt. Major S. Kenly, formerly a Ribble Bus Company depot foreman, of Ribble House, Ulverstone, Lancashire. Indian technicians set to work, fitted the carrier with a wooden frame lashed to 44-gallon drums for buoyancy, and with metal scoops fixed to the tracks to provide a means of propulsion. The exhaust was fitted with an inverted extension so that the "Dagger" would be almost noiseless.

Punjabi signallers unrolled three miles of armoured cable along the river bed and as a result our garrison on Pear Hill was able to talk to headquarters in the Bridgehead without the danger of the lines being cut by Jap patrols.

Day and night Madrassi-manned rafts, Bailey pontoon rafts British-manned "ducks", two-seater commando patrol canoes, and odd country craft play their part in helping our Eastern bridgehead.

It's a motley fleet but it does the job.

PESHAWAR, Feb. 27: The six persons arrested in connection with the clash at Deraismatikhan between the police and Ahrars have been released.—A.P.

MONEY MARKET.

BOMBAY, March 1.

LONDON: Banks buying 90 days/st 1/6 7/32 1 and 2 months, 1/6 1/4 3 to 6 months.

B C. RATES: T T 1/8 15/16 D D 1/5 15/16.

Banks selling T T 1/5 31/32 D D 1/5 31/32.

Banks buying T T 1/5 1/32 D D 1/5 3/32.

LDN/NEW YORK:

Banks selling T T Rs. 332 3/4 D D Rs. 332 3/4.

Banks buying T T Rs. 329 1/2 D D Rs. 327 1/2.

LDN/MONTREAL:

Banks selling T T Rs. 302 1/2 D D Rs. 302 1/2.

Banks buying T T Rs. 297 3/4 D D Rs. 295 3/4.

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Very quiet.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 p c. Bank of England Rate 2 p c.

Money:—Call, one and two months 1/4 p c, 3 to 5 months 1/2 p c, 6 to 11 months 3/4 p c, 12 months 1 1/4 p c.

Tone:—Easy.

BIHAR JAMIAT-UL-ULEMA CONFERENCE.

(From A Correspondent.)

MONGHYR, March 1.

Bihar Provincial Jamiat-ul-Olema Conference will be held on April 3, 4 and 5 at Sanalaha, District, Bhagalpur, and will be presided over by Maulana Hifzurrahman, Gen. Secretary, All-India Jamiat-ul-Olema.

BOMBAY RACES

SPRING MEETING

3RD DAY—SATURDAY, 3RD MARCH, 1945.

NOTICE LAWN BADGES

Owing to limited accommodation in the Members' stand, the Committee have resolved that as from 27th January, 1945, Members be limited to the purchase of two Lawn Badges only for their guests for each Race day.

DAY TICKETS:

1st Enclosure	Gentlemen	Rs. 3-0-0
	Ladies	„ 2-0-0
2nd Enclosure	.. ..	„ 1-4-0

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Issued & Subscribed Capital	... Rs.	50,00,000
Paid-up Capital	... Rs.	25,00,000

HERE'S A CHANCE TO MOULD A CAREER OF YOUR OWN

Ambitious and energetic young men looking for a career: work for this progressive Company. Write TODAY for details of terms for Agents and posts of salaried Organisers.

Chairman:
Navinchandra Mafatlal, Esq.
Director-in-charge
Laxmidas P. Goculdas, Esq.

Jayabharat INSURANCE CO. LTD.

22, Apollo Street, Bombay. JAY. 2.

WHEN GUMS BLEED—*look out!*

Don't ignore this warning of gum-rot! Bleeding is the first symptom of those serious gum-diseases, pyorrhœa and gingivitis—diseases that can rob you of your teeth and poison your whole system. Use Gibbs "S.R." Toothpaste. The Sodium Ricinoleate it contains is what dentists use for treating gum troubles. Use Gibbs "S.R." *regularly*—it will help to keep your gums healthy and your teeth sound, to safeguard your health.

Gibbs "S.R." TOOTHPASTE

S.R.134-12B

R. & W. GIBBS LTD., LONDON, ENGLAND

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA LTD.

Estd. in Bombay in 1919.

HEAD OFFICE: Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

BRANCHES:—Cotton Exchange Building, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay; Katha Bazar, Mandvi, Bombay; Rajkot (Civil Station).

MANAGING AGENTS: THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA LTD.
LONDON AGENTS: WESTMINSTER BANK LTD.

CAPITAL PAID UP	Rs.	39,90,000
RESERVE FUND	Rs.	14,25,000
Dividend Equalisation Fund	Rs.	1,00,000
Deposits on 31-12-1944 Over	Rs.	4,00,00,000

DIRECTORS:

M. S. Captain, Esq., (Chairman), Laxmandas Harkhchanda Daga, Esq., K. R. P. Shroff, Esq., Vithaldas Kanji, Esq., B. N. Karanjia, Esq., Ramdeo Anandilal Podar, Esq., Haridas Madhowdas, Esq., and Dinshaw D. Romer, Esq.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 1/4 per cent per annum on daily balances up to Rupees 2 lakhs.

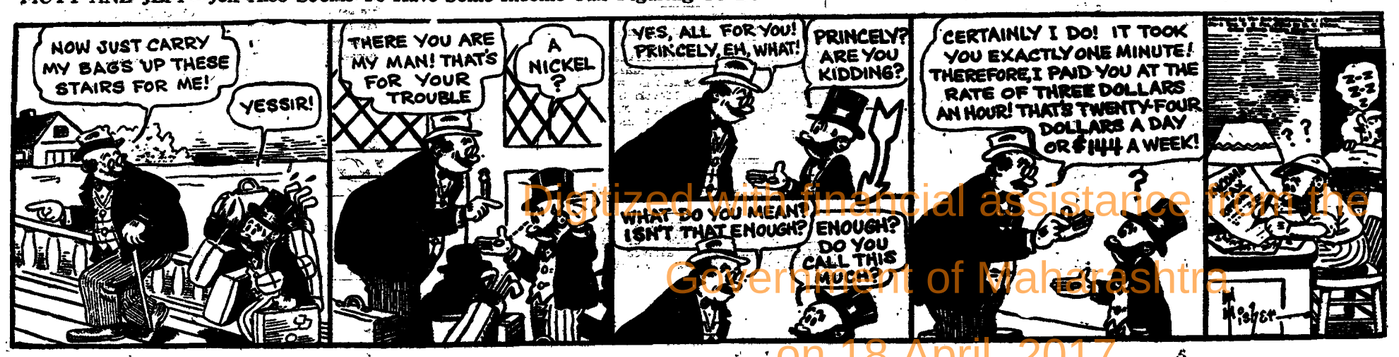
FIXED DEPOSITS for long and short periods received on favourable terms.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS—Interest allowed at 1 1/4 per cent per annum, on minimum monthly balances up to Rs. 10,000. Withdrawals allowed once a week.

All kinds of Banking business transacted.

A. J. DOCTOR.
Secretary.

MUTT AND JEFF—Jeff Also Seems To Have Some Income Tax Figuring To Do — By BUD FISHER


NOW JUST CARRY MY BAGS UP THESE STAIRS FOR ME!
YESSIR!
THERE YOU ARE MY MAN! THAT'S FOR YOUR TROUBLE
A NICKEL?
YES, ALL FOR YOU! PRINCELY, EH, WHAT!
PRINCELY? ARE YOU KIDDING?
WHAT DO YOU MEAN! ISN'T THAT ENOUGH?
ENOUGH? DO YOU CALL THIS MUCH?
CERTAINLY I DO! IT TOOK YOU EXACTLY ONE MINUTE! THEREFORE, I PAID YOU AT THE RATE OF THREE DOLLARS AN HOUR! THAT'S TWENTY-FOUR DOLLARS A DAY OR $144 A WEEK!

A NAME TO REMEMBER..

WINCARNIS

the world famous tonic

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS Per WORD
MINIMUM RS 1/8/-

To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL

Wanted bridegroom for fair Brahacharana girl aged 21. Write or see Manian. 521-A. Matunga G.I.P. 7444

Wealthy tall good looking Hindu High Caste Royal Family wants to marry pretty modern girl good family. No Caste Prejudices. Correspond Box No. 7448 "Bombay Chronicle".

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted one Lady Stenographer Filing Clerk on Rs. 80|- plus D.F.A. Apply in writing with copies of references to Shree Ram Mills, Ltd., Fergusson Road, Lower Parel Bombay 13. 2295

Wanted a Shorthand Typist with good knowledge of English. Apply in writing Kewalram Chellaram. New Silk Bazar, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay. 7423

Wanted One Civil Engineer salary between Rs. 300 and 500 and one overseer, salary between 100 and 200 according to qualifications, Apply with testimonials and lowest salary acceptable to R. G. Cotton Mills Co., Ltd., Lucknow. (2298)

Wanted Two Gujarati-speaking B.As with English as the Special Subject. One Gujarati Trained couple, expert knowledge of Music, Scouting, Girl-guiding, Drawing, etc. Will receive extra consideration. Apply with testimonials (and photos if possible) to The Hon. Secretary, Indian Public School P. O. Box 59 MWANZA (Tanganiyaka, Br. East Africa. 7442

Wanted Branch Manager at Bombay on Rs. 50|5|100 p.m. Cash Security Rs. 500|- essential. Experienced in business line need apply, with Testimonials. The Andhra Industries (Regd.) Akidu (S. India). (7427)

Wanted—Experts for the manufacture of casein, lactose, processed cheese, and tinned butter. Apply Post Box No. 90, Dehra Dun. 7429

Wanted experienced and qualified Salesmen for Grocery goods canteens and mistri for Sodawater Factory. Apply with testimonials stating qualifications, experience and lowest salary acceptable. Write to L. Narain Dass & Sons, Jalna (Deccan) N. S. Rly. 7409

Wanted an experienced Proof Reader on Salary of Rs. 65 plus dearness allowance of Rs 16 and a Copy-holder on Salary of Rs. 50 plus dearness allowance of Rs. 12-8as. Minimum qualification matriculation. Apply with certificate to the Manager "Bombay Chronicle Fort Bombay.

ACCOMMODATION WANTED

Small Deccani Vegetarian Brahmin family requires one room accommodation as sub-Tenants. Decent remuneration. Apply Box No. 7439 "Bombay Chronicle".

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Danton 12 hours Shorthand. Only 6 Easy Lessons. Details Free:—Danton Shorthand School, (St. Albans) Post Box 43 Delhi. 1599

Get Medical Diplomas at home:—Ayurvedic, Unani, Homoeopathic. Prospectus Free. Dr. Man Singh, Old Indian Medical College, Kot-Garh, Simla. 7416

Get Degrees and Diplomas, Medical, Engineering, Law, B.A., M.A., Ph.D., etc., from London College and American Universities. Fees nominal. Write for prospectus to the General Educational Agency, Amritsar. 7234

MEDICAL ADLETS

Cobra-Cane (Cobra-manured sugarcane) cures T. B. all forms within 21 days only. Rs. 60. Greenfields (India). Dept. WC/. Pindrai, C. P. 7350

ASTROLOGERS

Consult Prof. K. P. Jyotshi, the Indian Zadkiel's son, an eminent astrologer from Calcutta. Charges Rs. 10|-, Rs. 16|- & Rs. 32|-. Soldiers, Sailors and Nurses half. All India Hotel, Room No. 15. 245, Frere Rd., Near G.P.O. Fort Bombay. 7440

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Local Agents For Stationery Goods on Pay Rs. 90-10-150. And Stockists on commission basis. Particulars free on application. New British Industries, Wazirpura, Sialkot City. (7447)

Wanted Salesman Provincial Salesmen for sale of Cosmetics, Fruit Products and injectuals on Rs. 100 P.M. Plus 1% Commission on total sales in Bombay. Wanted Distt. Agents on commission only call on Mr. Gulati Managing Director, Partap Chemicals, between 9 to 12 noon on 3rd, 4th, 5th or 6th March at Regal Hotel, Bombay. 7417B

MACHINERY WANTED

Wanted: Average size Engines and Boilers foreign Oil Expellers, Descentigrator, Electric Motors 10. 15 and 20 H. P. Please write to Northern India Sy. Syndicate, Gandhi Chowk, Cawnpore. 7426

MISCELLANEOUS WANTED

Wanted M tor Cycle 3 to 5 H. P modern. Terms Cash. Apply Box No. 7448A 'Bombay Chronicle".

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Wanted Essential Oils Chemicals Bakelite-Aluminium Caps, Corks, Giletine Paper, call on Mr. Gulati, Managing Director. Partap Chemicals, between 9 to 12 noon on 3rd. 4th. 5th, or 6th March at Cecil Hotel, Bombay. 7417A

PUBLIC NOTICES

SECRETARY, PUNJAB AND N.-W. F.P. JOINT PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, LAHORE,

INVITES APPLICATIONS from British subjects and subjects of notified Punjab States on or before the 23rd March, 1945 on prescribed form (obtainable free) accompanied by treasury or M.O. receipt for Rs. 5 for a temporary (for five years) post of CO-ORDINATOR of RESEARCH and PRINCIPAL PUNJAB AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE, LYALLPUR. Pay: Rs. 2,000-50-2,250 p.m. plus £30 as overseas pay for Non-Asiatic persons. Passages according to Punjab Government rules. Qualificatcns:—High academic distinctions in Science, preferably in Agriculture and sciences applied to Agriculture; experience of research in a scientific institution of renown, preferably connected with agriculture and sciences allied to agriculture; and experience of administration in a college. Age:—not below 45 years on 23-3-45. Government servants eligible. Further particulars on application. 2301

G. I. P. RAILWAY
SPECIAL NOTICE
SHARAN BASAPPA FAIR AT GULBARGA—1945.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED for the information of the public that due to the exigencies of War the Railway Administration regrets it's inability to provide special transport facilities for attending the above Fair. 2312

THE UNITED COMMERCIAL BANK LTD.
2, Royal Exchange Place,
CALCUTTA.
NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SECOND ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of THE UNITED COMMERCIAL BANK LIMITED will be held at the Registered Office of the Bank at 2, Royal Exchange Place, Calcutta, on Wednesday, the 28th March, 1945, at 4 p.m. to transact the following business:—

1. To receive the Report of the Directors and the Audited Balance Sheet as on 31st December, 1944, and Profit and Loss Account for the 9 months ended 31st December, 1944.
2. To elect four Directors in the place of
   Mr. M. A. Ispahani,
   Mr. I. P. Goenka,
   Sir Adamjee Hajee Dawood, Kt., and
   Mr. Motilal Tapuriah.
   who retire under Article 95 of the Articles of Association of the Bank, but are eligible for re-election and offer themselves accordingly
3. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

By Order of the Board,
B. T. THAKUR,
General Manager.

Calcutta, 7th February, 1945,
N. B.—The Transfer Books of the Bank will be CLOSED from 8th March to 28th March, 1945, both days inclusive.

To the Shareholders of the United Commercial Bank, Ltd., and in particular to:

Kantilal Mavjibhai Bandhdas, Esq., Freppel Costa, Esq., and another, Aleine Pacheco De Figueiredo, Mrs. Lajwanti, K. V. N. Upadhayaya, Esq., Kokala Padmanabha Upadhyay, Esq., Chinnata Baboi Xete Verencar, Esq. Motiram Sadassiva Xete, Esq., Sm. Inder Kaur, Subraya Kashinath Naik, Esq., Srinivassa Damodar, Esq., Jose Fulgencio Soares, Esq., Pochai Rawthar Sirajuddin, Esq., S. Mathrasing Sahni, Esq., Com. Genl. Sir Baber Shum Shere Jang Bahadur Rana and another Major Genl. Madan Shum Shere Jang Bahadur Rana and another, H. H. Bada Maharani Padmakumari, Chhotutbai Morarji Vasi, Esq., Ambalal H. Patel Esq., Habib Punja, Esq., 2303

THE ASSOCIATED CEMENT COMPANIES LTD.

LOSS OF SHARE CERTIFICATES

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that two Share Certificates bearing Nos. 4766 & 33980 in respect of TEN shares numbered 23742|46 & 25029|302 of The Associated Cement Companies, Limited, standing in the name of Mr. PATRICK ARTHUR PENNEFATHER have been lost or mislaid, and the undersigned has applied to the Company to issue duplicate Share Certificates for the said Shares.

Any person in possession of the said Share Certificates and|or having any claim to the said Shares should notify to and lodge such claim with the Company at its Registered Office at "ESPLANADE HOUSE", Waudby Road, Bombay, within one month from the date hereof after which period no claim will be considered and the Directors will proceed to deal with the said application and issue duplicate Share Certificates if they think fit.

Dated this 29th day of January, 1945.

P. A. PENNEFATHER,
By his duly constituted Attorneys,
For The Bank of Mysore Ltd.,
(Sd.) B. V. NARAYANA REDDY,
Manager.
(2308)

PUBLIC NOTICES

FEED THE CHILDREN FUND

AN APPEAL.

In November 1943 the Government of Cochin launched a scheme to provide free mid-day meals to poor children attending Primary Schools in the State with the object of supplying the additional nourishment needed by the children as a result of the lower scale of ration adopted throughout the State. Government undertook to meet one-third of the cost of the scheme, the remaining two-thirds to be met by public subscription. Out of the 500 primary schools in the State 450 have been included in the scheme and meals are now provided for nearly 50,000 necessitous children. The fund as it now stands with the proportionate grant made by the Government is inadequate to meet the pressing demands made by institutions that have already been included in the scheme. If the scheme is not pushed through promptly and vigorously the health of the children, the most vulnerable part of the population, is likely to be seriously injured. A sum of four lakhs of rupees is required immediately. All Cochinites in and outside the State are requested to contribute generously for a cause which must appeal to every one of them.

Subscriptions may be sent to the Controller of Finance and Accounts, Trichur, Cochin State.

INFORMATION OFFICER,
Government of Cochin.
2306

SECRETARY, PUNJAB AND N.-W. F.P. JOINT PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, LAHORE,

ANNOUNCES, in partial modification of the qualifications laid down for a temporary post of SISTER TUTOR for Lady Aitchison Hospital, Lahore, and two posts of NURSING SISTER for Training Centres of Nurses at Karnal and Sialkot, which were lately advertised, that married Women without children have now been made eligible for these posts. They can apply if otherwise qualified. Last dates for receipts of applications (on prescribed forms) in both cases now extended to 8th March, 1945. 2300

THE EASTERN COTTON TRADING CO., LTD.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 4th March, 1945 to 14th March, 1945, (both days inclusive).

Bombay, 28th February, 1945.

RAMDAS KHIMJI BROS.,
Agents.
7448

G. I. P. RAILWAY
EMPLOYMENT NOTICE

WANTED CANDIDATES to fill the following posts:—

(a) 15 posts of Temporary Cabin Candidates.
(b) 40 posts of Temporary Pro. No. Takers.

AGE: Not less than 18 years and not more than 30 years on 1-3-45.

EDUCATIONAL QUALIFICATIONS: Studied upto pre-matric Standard under the Govt. Grant-in-aid code or the Bombay University or its equivalent standard. SCALES OF PAY: For (a) Rs. 35|- P.M. as stipend to be absorbed as Temporary Cabinman on Rs. 40|- in the grade of Rs. 30-4-50 after six months' successful completion of training. (b) Rs. 35|- P.M. as stipend to be absorbed as Temporary Pro. No. Takers on Rs. 35|- fixed pay on 3 months' successful completion of training. ALLOWANCES: Dearness allowance of Rs. 16 (present rate) when posted within the Bombay Island and Dearness allowance of varying amounts when posted outside that area. (2) Bombay House and Local allowance totalling 20% of pay on absorption in a post within the Island of Bombay on successful completion of training period. Candidates should be physically fit generally and have the following sight standard: (i) Distant vision tested with Landolt's split rings must be 6|6 in one eye and not less than 6|9 in the other without glasses and the manifest hypermetropia is not more than 1.0 in one eye and 1.5 in the other. (ii) Colour perception as tested with Edridge Green Lantern should be normal (ii) Candidates suffering from night blindness will not be considered.

Forms of application are obtainable from the Divisional Transportation Superintendent, G. I. P. Railway, Bombay V. T. on payment of Rupee 1|- each by Money Order only. FULL NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE APPLICANT AND THE NAME OF THE POST APPLIED FOR SHOULD BE ENTERED IN BLOCK CAPITAL LETTERS ON MONEY ORDER COUPONS, otherwise Money orders are liable to be returned. Last date for receipt of money order is 17th March 1945.

Candidates called for interview and examination should attend at their own expense. A call to attend examination or interview will not imply offer of employment. 2299

NOTICE OF REMOVAL

THE EASTERN CHEMICAL CO., (India).

WITH EFFECT from 28th February, 1945, our Office address will be as follows:—
4th floor, Lloyd Building,
Dougall Road, Ballard Estate,
BOMBAY

Our Telephone numbers will be: 31323 and 31431.

All future communications should be addressed as above. 2304

TAXING OFFICE OF THE HIGH COURT AT BOMBAY

THE HONOURABLE the Chief Justice has received a letter dated 23rd February, 1945 and signed "Bill Clerk", containing detailed information about alleged malpractices in the Taxing Office of the High Court at Bombay. The writer of this letter is requested to get in touch privately either with the Honourable the Chief Justice or with the Prothonotary and Senior Master or with the President of the Incorporated Law Society.

S. J. RAHIMTOOLA,
Prothonotary and Senior Master.
2311

SECRETARY, PUNJAB AND N.W. F.P. JOINT PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, LAHORE

INVITES applications, SEPARATELY FOR EACH POST AND ACCOMPANIED BY A TREASURY OR M.O. RECEIPT FOR RS. 5|- IN EACH CASE, NOT LATER THAN 19TH MARCH, 1945, on prescribed forms (obtainable free) for the following temporary (for one year, but likely to be extended for another year) posts:—

(i) COAL RESEARCH CHEMIST. Pay:—Rs. 500-25-750 p.m. Qualifications, (a) M.Sc. (Chemical Engineering or Industrial Chemistry), preferably of foreign University; (b) Training in fuel technology specially pertaining to coal and its products; (c) At least three years' experience of research in coal technology; (d) Experience of working in a Fuel Research Institute in foreign country preferred.

(ii) TWO ASSISTANT CHEMISTS, Industrial Research Laboratory Lahore. Pay:—Rs. 250-20-450 p.m. Qualifications: (a) M.Sc. (Chemistry) of recognised University; (b) Training in analysis, carbonisation and chemical examination of coal; (c) At least 2 years' experience of research specially in coal and its products.

(iii) FOREMAN MECHANIC, Industrial Research Laboratory, Lahore. Pay:—Rs. 250-20-450 p.m. Qualifications:—(a) B.Sc. (Mechanical and Electrical Engineering) of recognised University; (b) At least 4 years' experience in manufacture of small scale plant, preferably in construction of coal carbonization and distillation plant or apparatus.

AGE LIMIT, respectively for 3 classes of posts, not more than 40, 35 and 40 years on 1-3-45. Age limit and academic qualifications in each case relaxable in favour of otherwise suitable candidates. Candidates should be British subjects or subjects of notified Punjab States and Baluch tribal territory preferably domiciled in India. Govt. servants eligible. Further particulars on application. (2302)

IN THE MATTER OF THE HYDERABAD COMPANIES' ACT 1320 F AND IN THE MATTER OF THE SHAHABAD CEMENT COMPANY, LIMITED, (IN VOLUNTARY LIQUIDATION).

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of THE SHAHABAD CEMENT COMPANY, LIMITED, (In Voluntary Liquidation), will be held 3 P.M. (S.T.) on Saturday the 17th day of March, 1945, at the premises of the Central Bank of India, Limited, Residency Road, Hyderabad (Deccan) purusant to the Section 181 of the Hyderabad Companies' Act No. IV of 1320 F at which the Liquidator will lay before the Meeting a scheme for the disposal of the unclaimed dividends of the Company, the unclaimed cash distribution and the unclaimed share certificates and fractionals of the Associated Cement Companies Limited lying with the Liquidator and to pass in that behalf certain resolutions with such modifications as the Meeting may think fit, to enable the Liquidator to finally complete and terminate the proceedings for liquidation of the Company.

P. J. BILIMORIA,
Liquidator.
The Shahabad Cement Company Ltd.,
(In Voluntary Liquidation).
Esplanade House,
Waudby Road, Fort, Bombay.
Dated this First day of March, 1945.
(2305)

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY
In Insolvency
NOTICE OF DECLARATION OF DIVIDEND.

The Official Assignee of Bombay has declared a dividend in the following estates as per particulars mentioned below. The dividend will be paid on and after the 5th proximo to those creditors who have proved their claims. The dividend warrants will be posted to the addresses of the creditors as appearing in the records of this office.

Serial No.	Insolvency No.	Name of the Insolvent.	Dividend declared.	Rate of the dividend declared in the rupee.
				As. p.
1	47 of 1943	George Wellington Downey	FIRST	— 6
2	270 of 1939	Magonlal Vanmali Sha	"	— 3
3	280 of 1940	Ramanlal Trikamdas Shah	"	— 1
4	205 of 1939	Thomas Edward Hardy	FIRST & FINAL	11 —
5	113 of 1940	Satyendranath Damodar Kharkar	"	2 6
6	104 of 1942	F. X. D'Souza	SECOND	1 6
7	90 of 1940	Peter Anthony Noronha	SECOND & FINAL	— 7
8	213 of 1931	Behram Ardeshir Irani	" "	— 21
9	366 of 1938	Patrick Vivian Archer	" "	— 3
10	327 of 1938	Chimanlal Bhagwanji and Nautanlal Bhagwanji partners of the firm of Kantilal Manilal	" "	11 —
11	192 of 1937	Jairam Atmaram Loke	THIRD	— 10
12	68 of 1922	Kanmarth Kunhi Arant Nambiar	FIFTH	— 2
13	185 of 1939	Dayalal Kodarlal Bhat	Prorata preferential distribution	7 —

Bombay, this 28th day of February 1945.

Official Assignee's Office,
High Court, Bombay.

G. G. MAHADEVIA,
Official Assignee of Bombay.
(2307)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. RATTANSHAH ADERJI NAGARWALLA, of Poona, on behalf of self and as Administrator to the estate of his deceased brother, Late Mr. COWASJI ADERJI NAGARWALLA, has contracted to sell to my client the undermentioned property free from any encumbrances whatsoever. If any person has any right, title or interest in whatsoever capacity in the said undermentioned property, should immediately within 8 days of the publication hereof communicate the same to the undersigned at his Office at 752, Raviwar Peth, Poona 2, failing which, objection if any shall be taken as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of lands known by the name of DARA bearing Survey No. 104, measuring 44 acres, 14 gunthas, (23 acres and 10 gunthas being agricultural land and 21 acres and 4 gunthas being non-agricultural land) having an annual assessment of Rs. 10-11-0 standing in the name of the Vendor in the Record of Rights (Extracts 7 and 12) of the Revenue Authority at Shamburda in the sub-registration district of Haveli, District Poona and bounded as follows:—

On or towards the East by Survey No. 106 and 103.
On or towards the West by Oundh Boundary, and beyond that the land of the Purchaser (of Shet Ratanchand Hirachand).
On or towards the North by Survey Nos. 105 and 107 and
On or towards the South by Survey No. 103.

P. H. KOTHADIYA,
M.A., LL.B.,
Pleader for Purchaser.
2310

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY AT MEMONWADA.

Under instructions from M|s. Tayabji Dayabhai & Co. Attorneys for the Transferees (of Mortgages) Bai Parvatibai widow of Jadhavji Doongersey, M|s. Gordhandas Jadhavji and Narandas Jadhavji the Mortgagees and on account and risk of Usman Haji Gani the Mortgagor, M|s. BENNETT & CO. will sell by public auction Lot No. 2 (TO-DAY) Friday the 2nd March, 1945 at 4-30 P.M. (N.S.T.) on the respective premises the undermentioned.

LOT NO. 2 Fazandari land admeasuring abt. 193 sq. yds. with dwelling house at Memonwada Road bearing Municipal "B" Ward No. 612 St. Nos. 345|349.

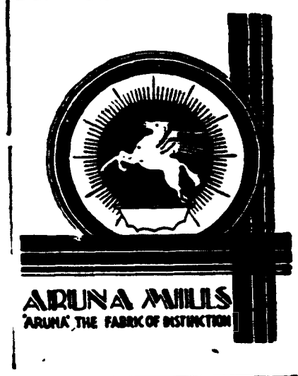
For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the above mentioned Solicitors at Lenin Chambers, Dalal St. or the undersigned.

A rare opportunity to investors to invest in a profitable going concern of Furniture shop.

Auction Sale of the well known Furniture shop of late Joosub Mahomed, Government Contractor with its stock-in-trade & goodwill.

Under instructions from the heirs of late Khan Bahadur Joosub Mahomed, Messrs. Bennett & Co. will sell by public auction to-day, Friday, the 2nd March 1945 at 4-30 p.m. (N.S.T.) at Chakla Street the above mentioned shop together with its furniture, workshop articles furniture fittings, Fans & all Elect. fittings, Frigidaire & billiard Table, Tapestry, Velvet and other articles, in one lot. On view. Terms —25% deposit.

BENNETT & CO.



Prelude to Only a favourite can keep on pleasing the public . . . week after week . . . year after year! And TENOR de luxe cigarette has 'box-office' record of continuous satisfaction behind it. More than merely a star-value cigarette, TENOR has become a tradition of luxury smoking. 100% PURE VIRGINIAN TOBACCOS are used in TENORS . . each cigarette . . each puff is a 'smoker-dividend'. a bonus to the loyal army of TENOR fans. Magnums or Standard size, obtainable everywhere.

Tenor
Is truly a de luxe Cigarette.
JAMES CARLTON LTD. LONDON.

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